

RG-B: J/ψ in $e^+ e^- p$ channel

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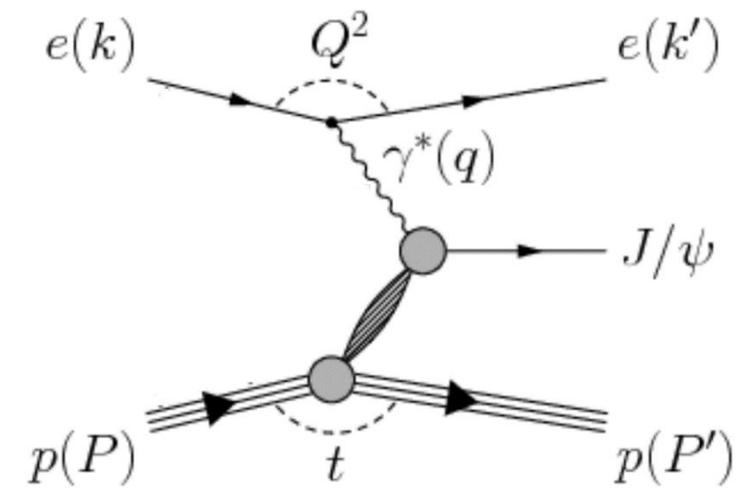


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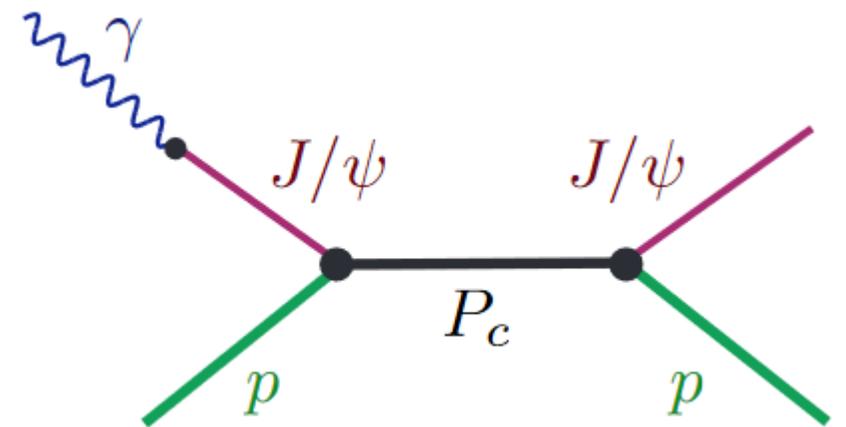
Experiment Overview

$$ed \rightarrow (e')e^+e^-p$$

- ▶ The electron beam produced by CEBAF scatters with a deuterium target through the exchange of a quasi-real photon $Q^2 \sim 0$.
- ▶ In the $e^+ e^- p$ channel the electron beam interacts with the proton inside the deuteron.
- ▶ The proton and $e^+ e^-$ pair produced in J/ψ decay are detected in the FD.



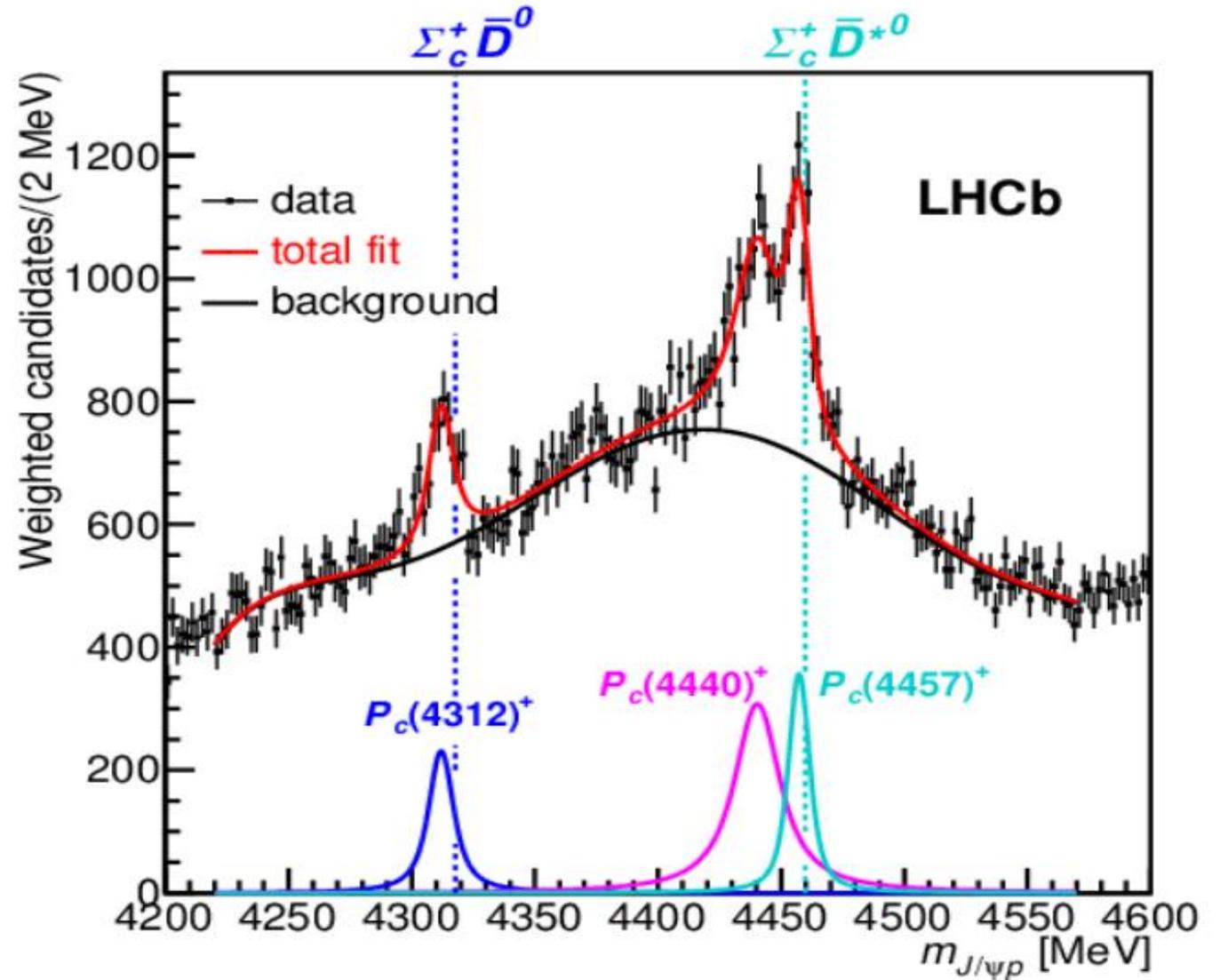
J/ψ quasi-real photoproduction



Feynmann diagram of P_c^+ pentaquark photoproduction.

P_c^+ resonances at the LHCb (2019)

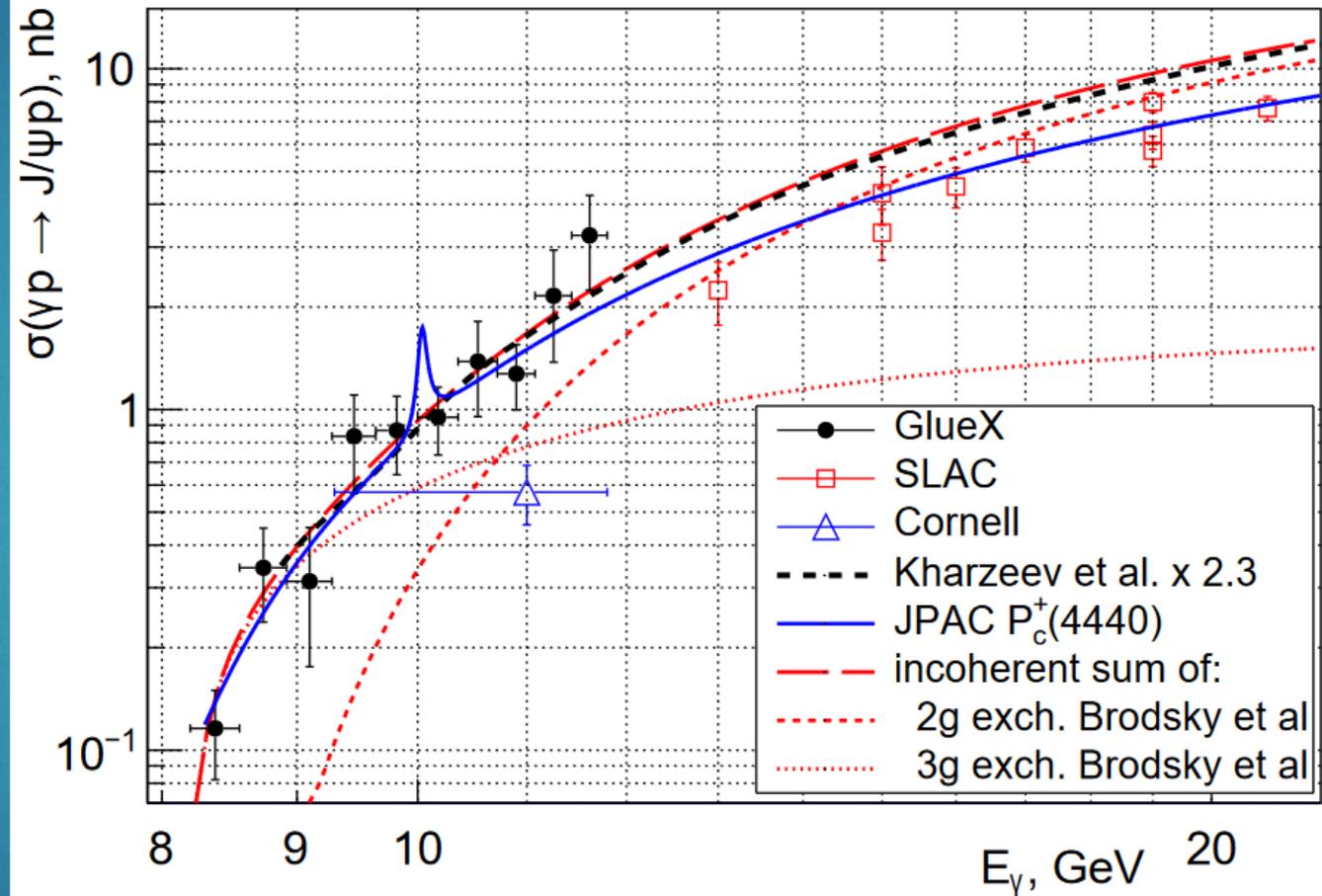
- ▶ The e^+e^-n final state further offers the possibility of looking for the isospin partners of the P_c^+ Pentaquarks.



The $J/\psi p$ invariant mass distribution [1].

Goals

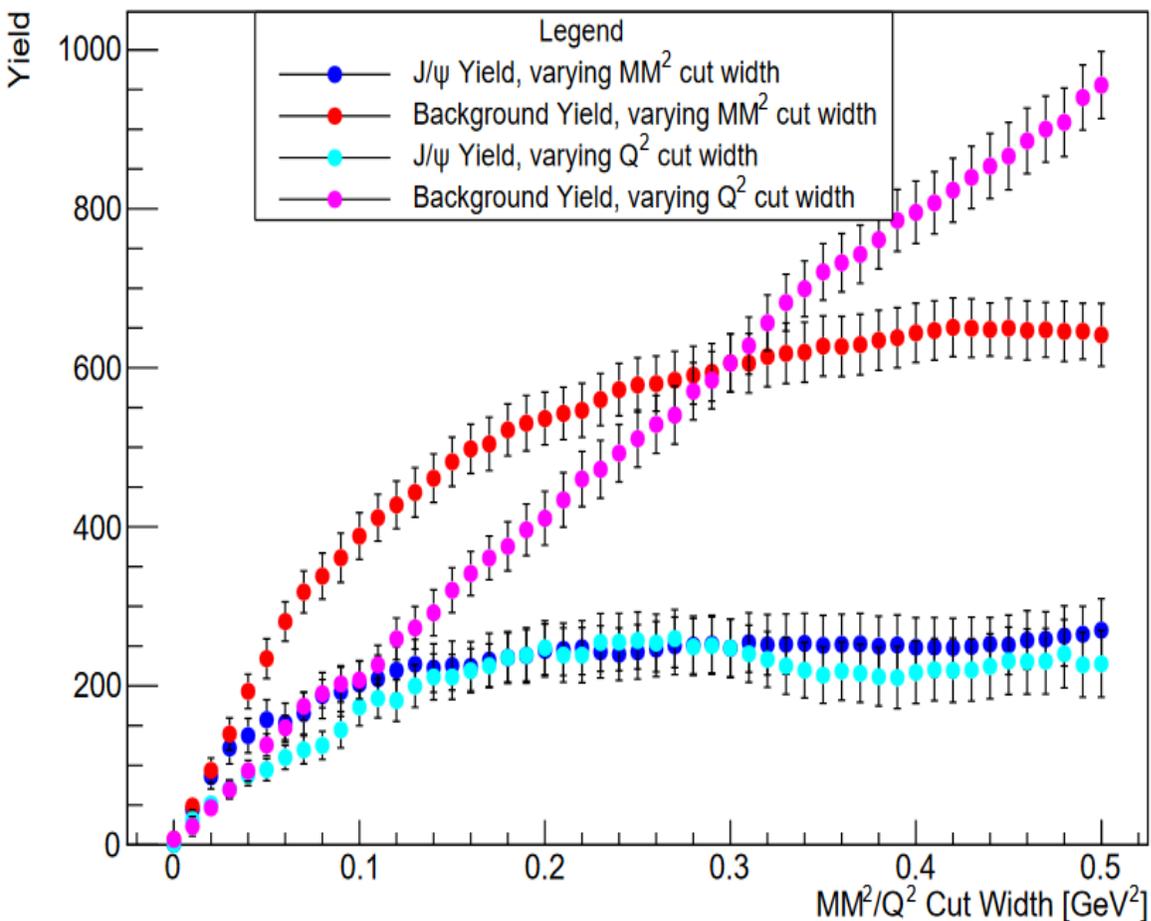
- ▶ Verify the LHCb results and look for isospin partners of the P_c^+ Pentaquarks.
- ▶ Study the production mechanism of J/ψ near threshold by measuring the total cross section as a function of beam energy.
- ▶ Study the distribution of color charge in the nucleon by measuring the t-dependency of the differential cross section of J/ψ photoproduction.



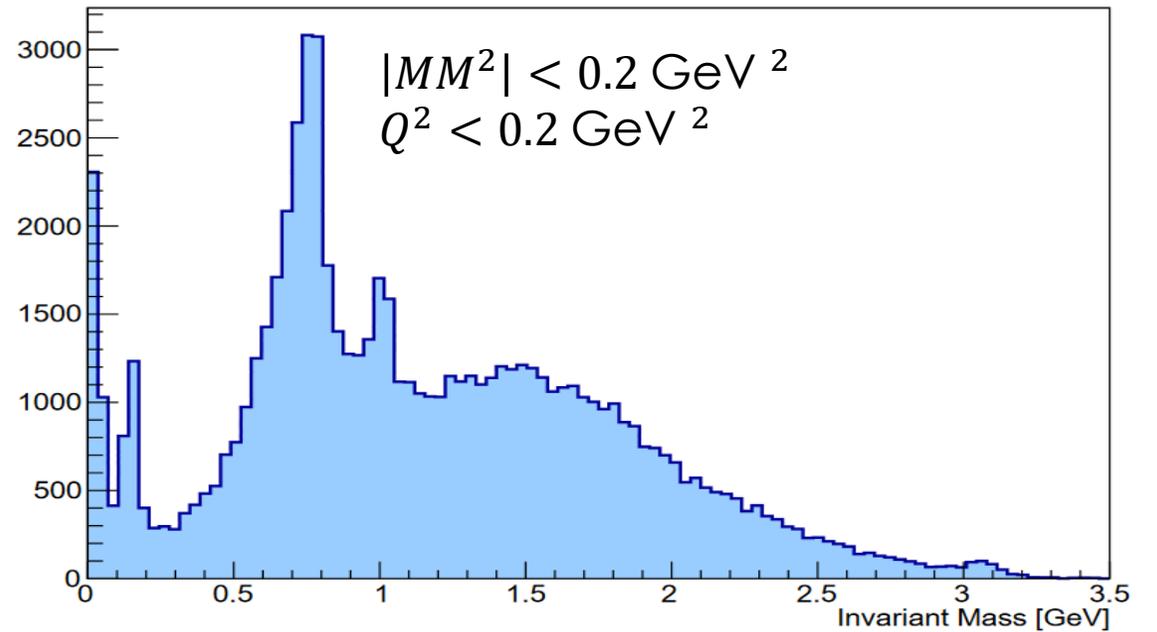
The J/ψ total cross section as a function of beam energy, scaled to GlueX data [2].

$|MM^2|$ and Q^2 Cuts

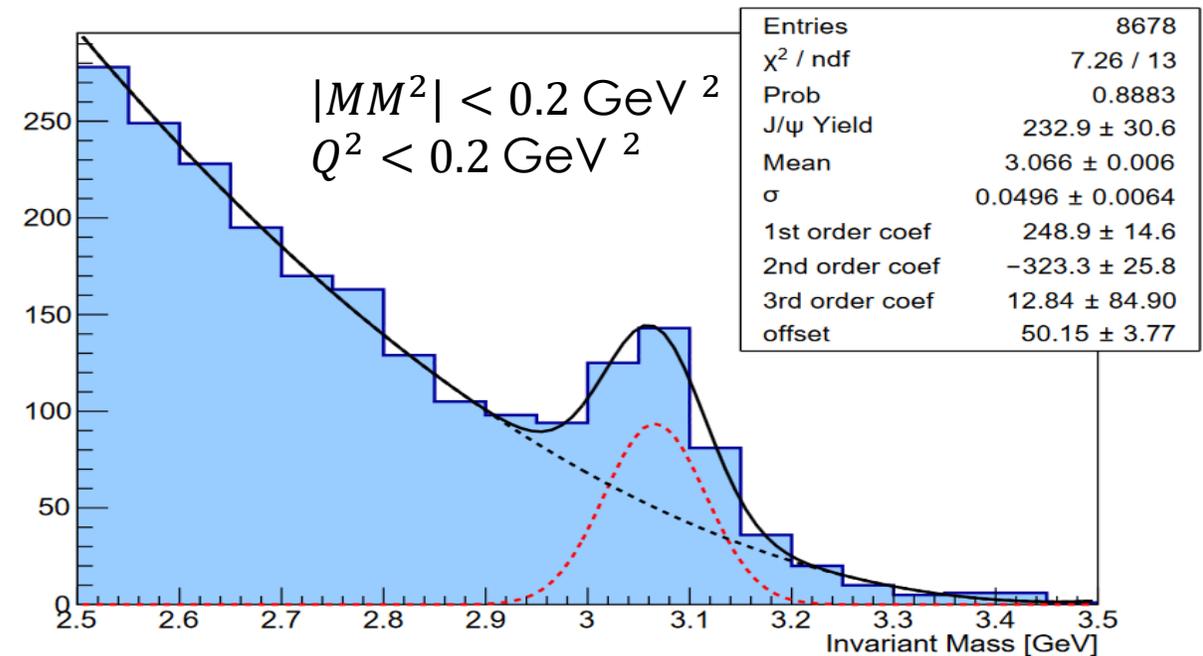
J/ ψ and Background Yields vs MM^2/Q^2 Cut Width



e+ e- Invariant Mass

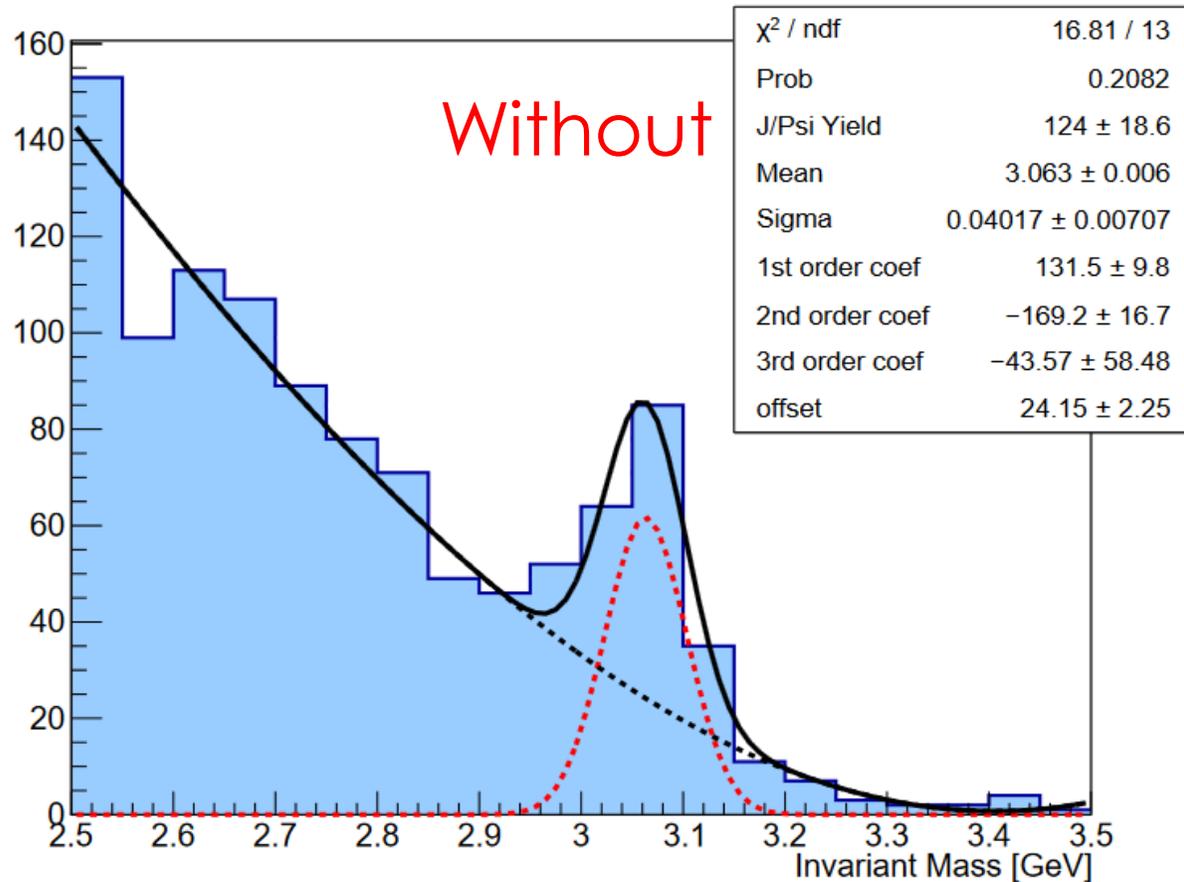


e+ e- Invariant Mass

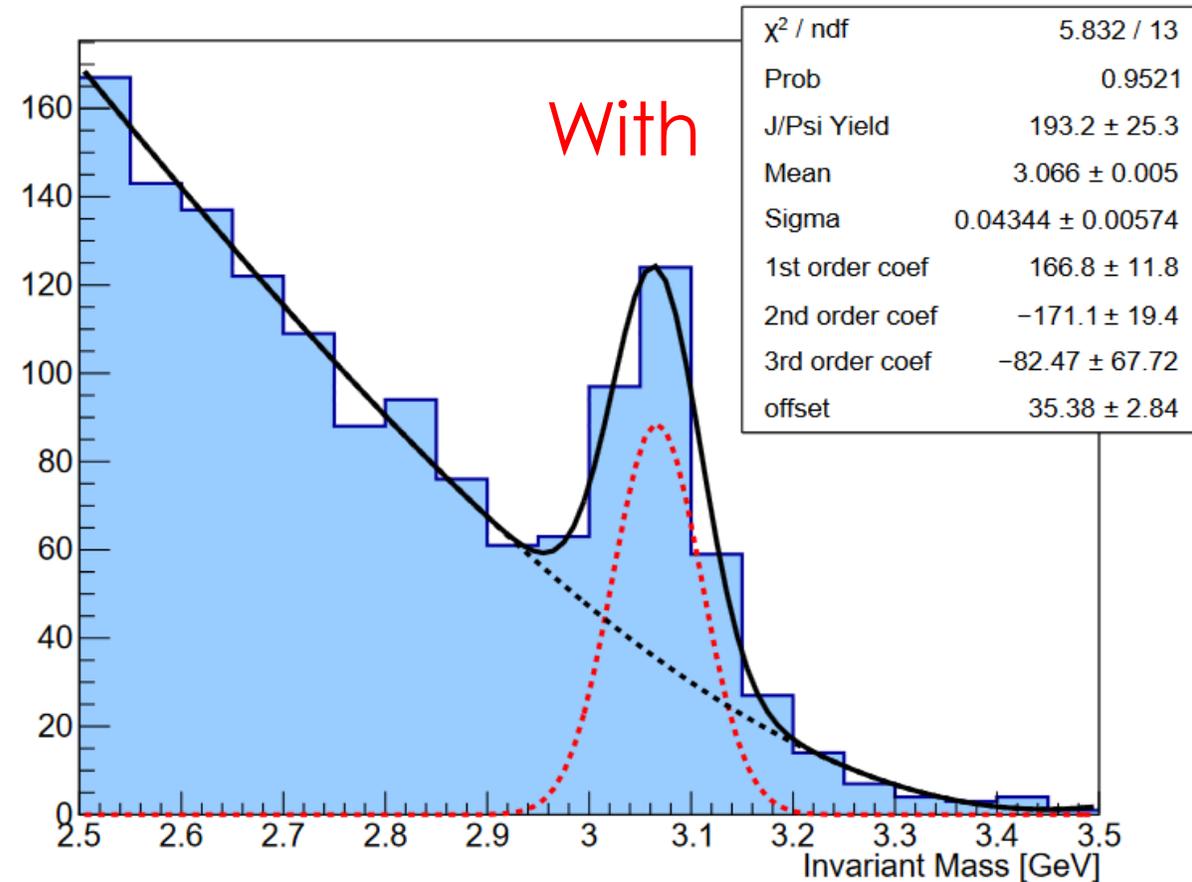


Radiative corrections

e+ e- Invariant Mass



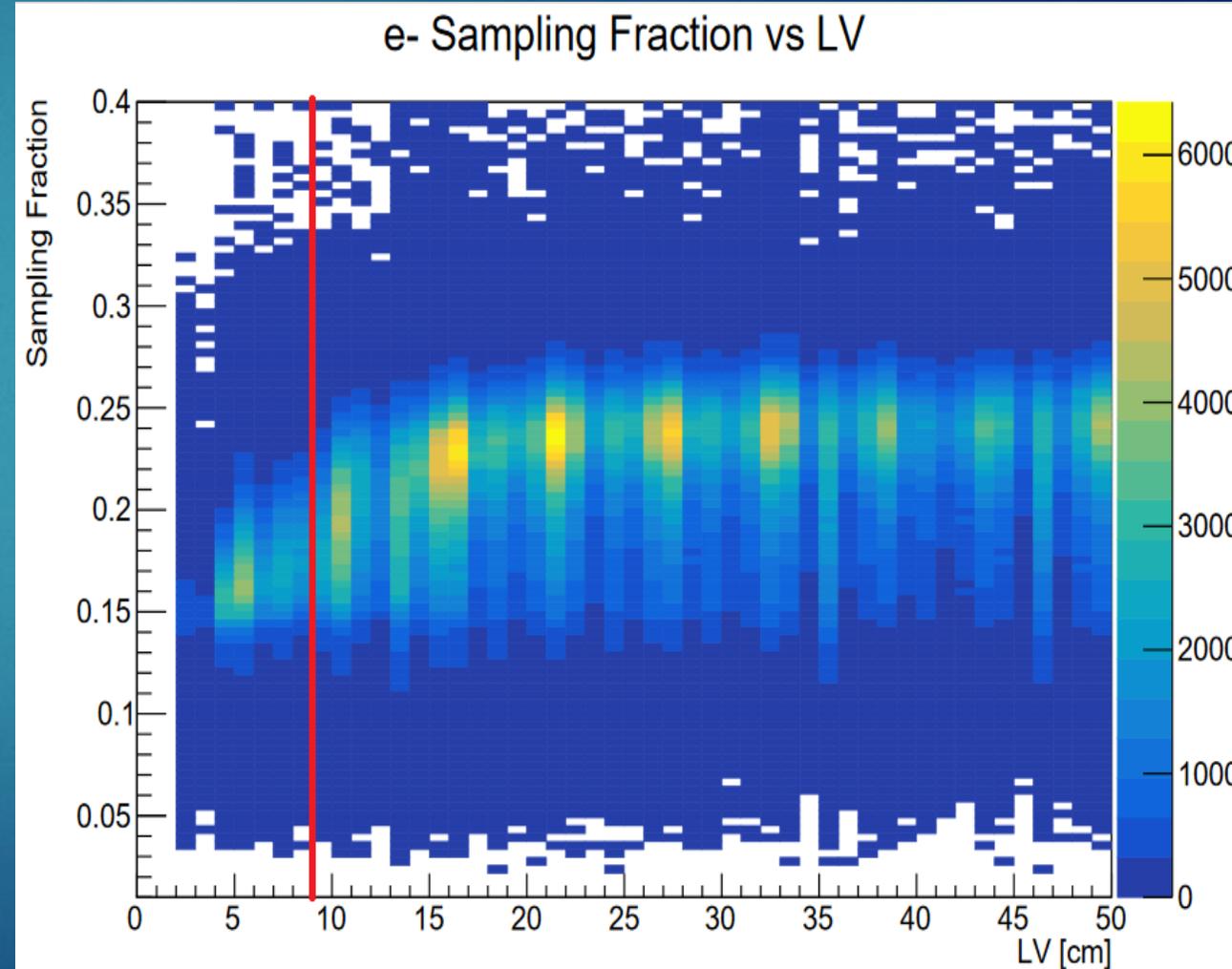
e+ e- Invariant Mass



Require $|MM^2| < 0.2 \text{ GeV}$, $Q^2 < 0.2 \text{ GeV}$, and some additional PID (cf next few slides).

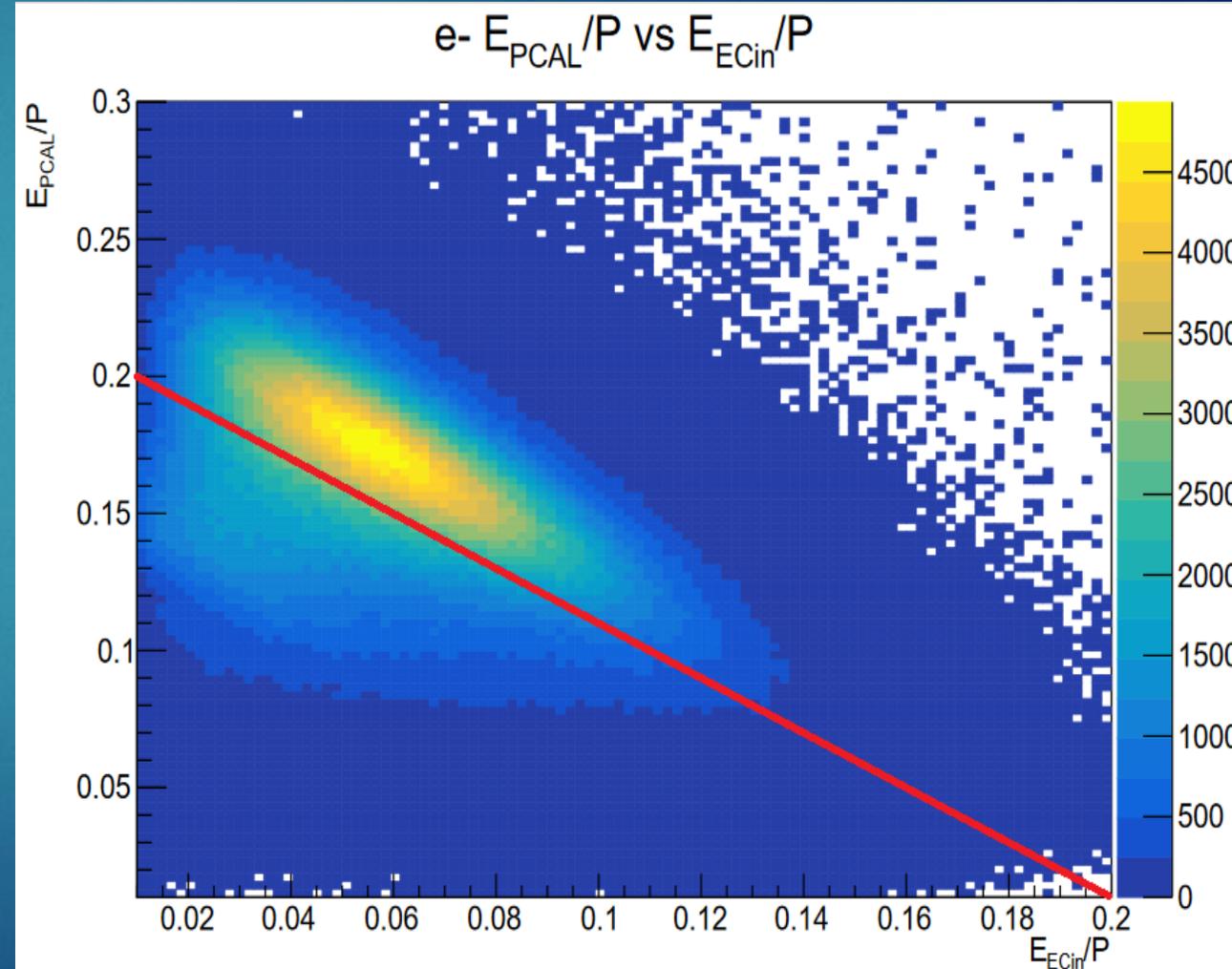
e- PCAL Fiducial Cuts

- ▶ The RG-A Analysis note defines fiducial cuts on the PCAL position.
- ▶ Here we place this cut at 9cm (2 bars) from the edge of the PCAL in V and W.



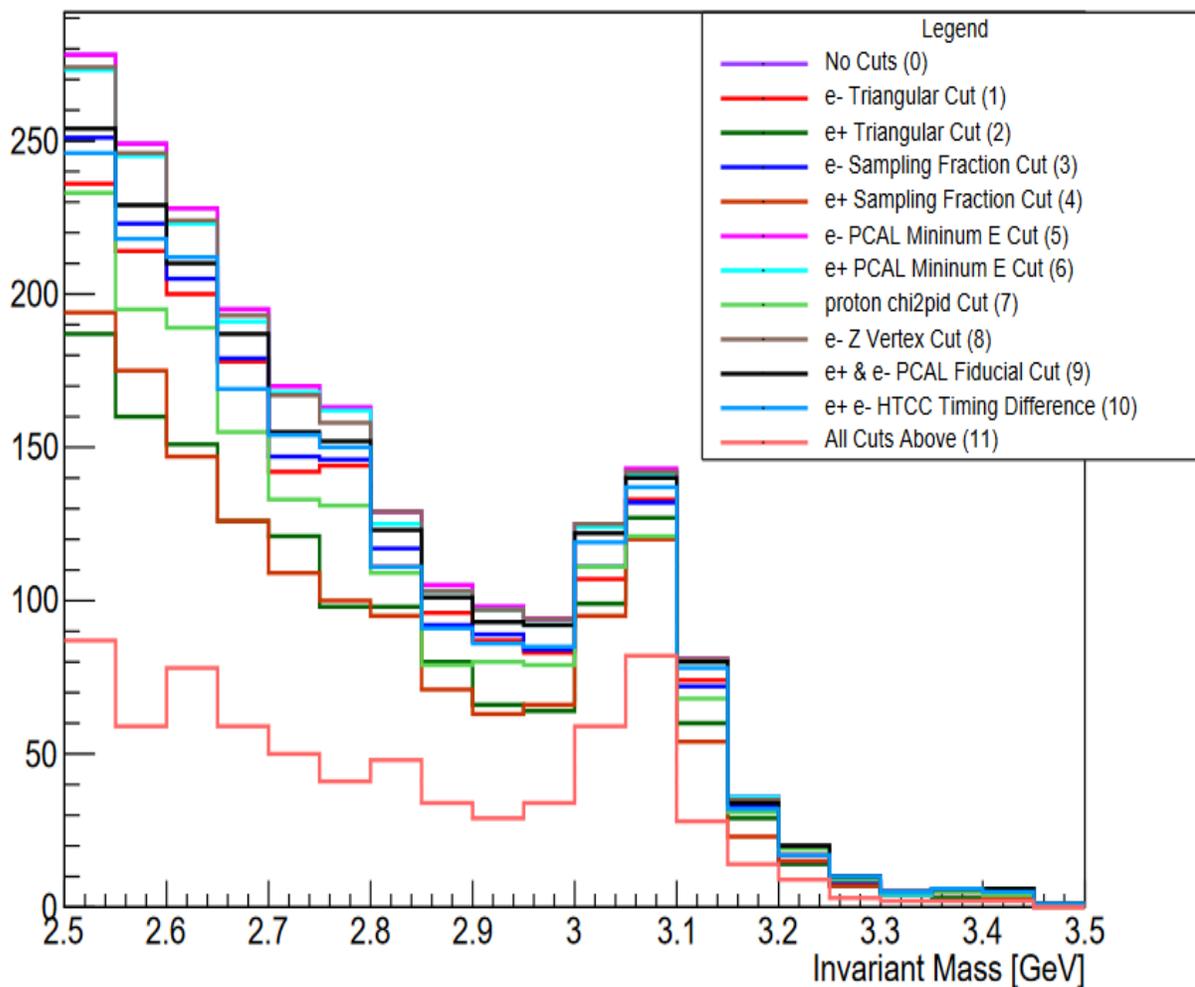
e- ID Refinement

- ▶ The RG-A Analysis note defined a list of cuts to improve electron, positron and hadron identification:
 - ▶ Triangular cut on individual calorimeters sampling fraction (as shown).
 - ▶ 3.5σ cut on the sampling fraction parametrization.
 - ▶ 0.07 GeV minimum energy deposition in the PCAL cut.
 - ▶ Z-Vertex position cut.
 - ▶ 3.5σ chi2PID cut for the proton.
 - ▶ 4 ns HTCC timing difference between the electrons and positrons.

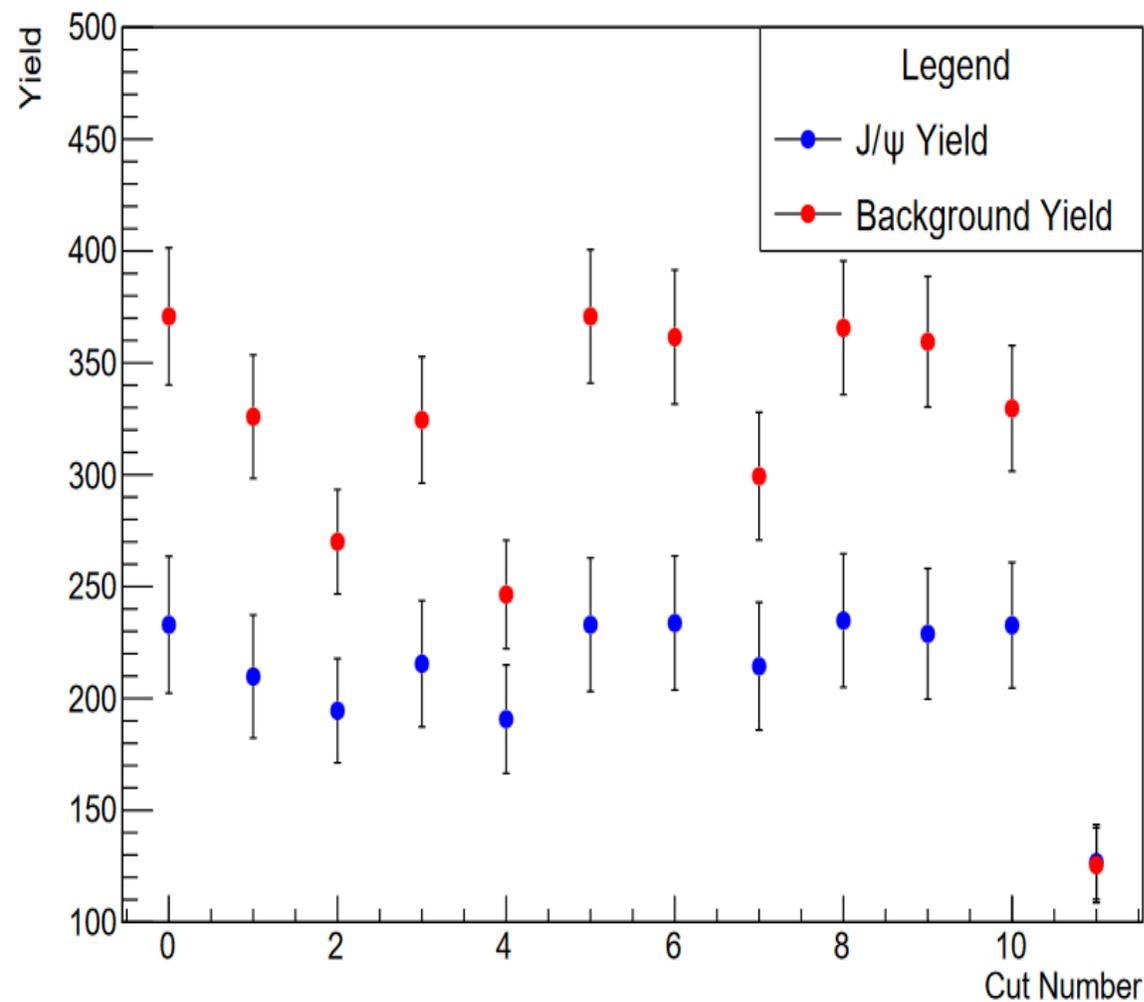


Effect of PID Cuts

e+ e- Invariant Mass



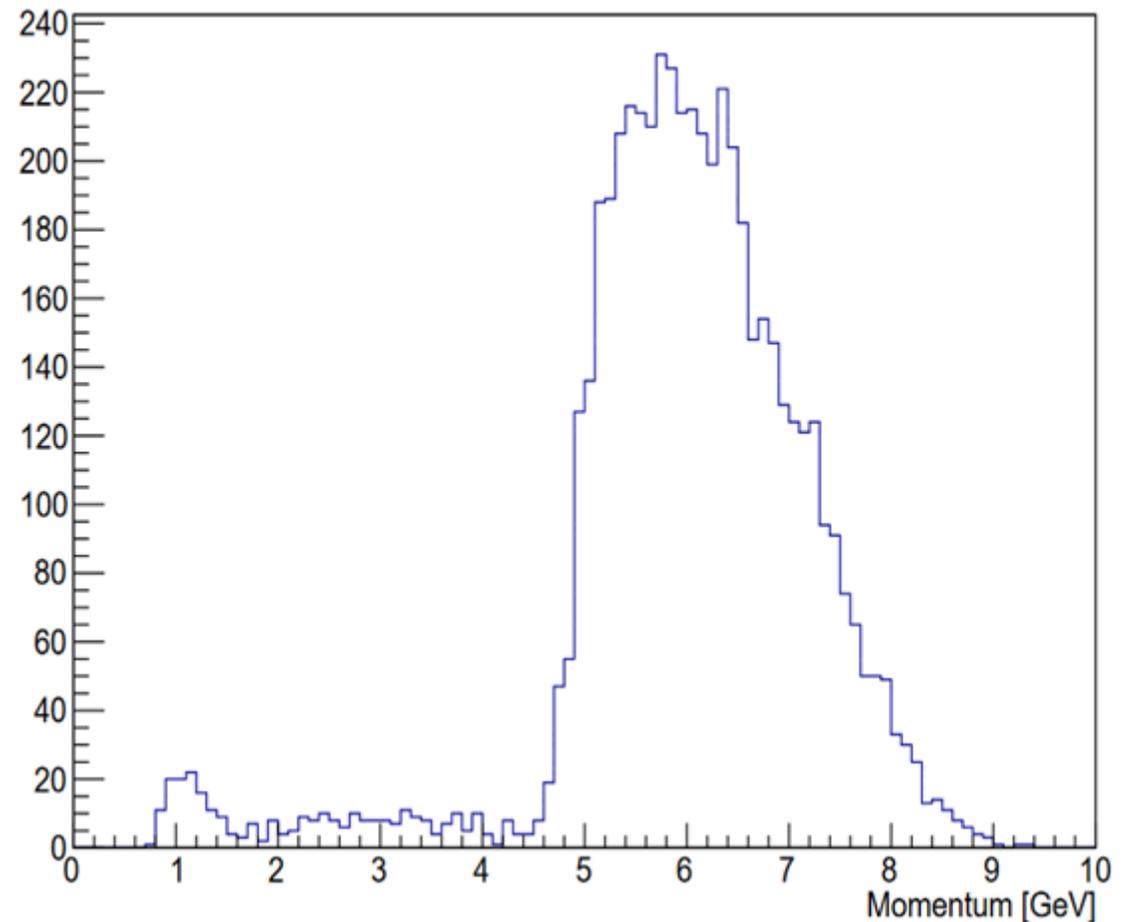
J/ψ and Background Yields vs Cut Number



Positron ID Refinement

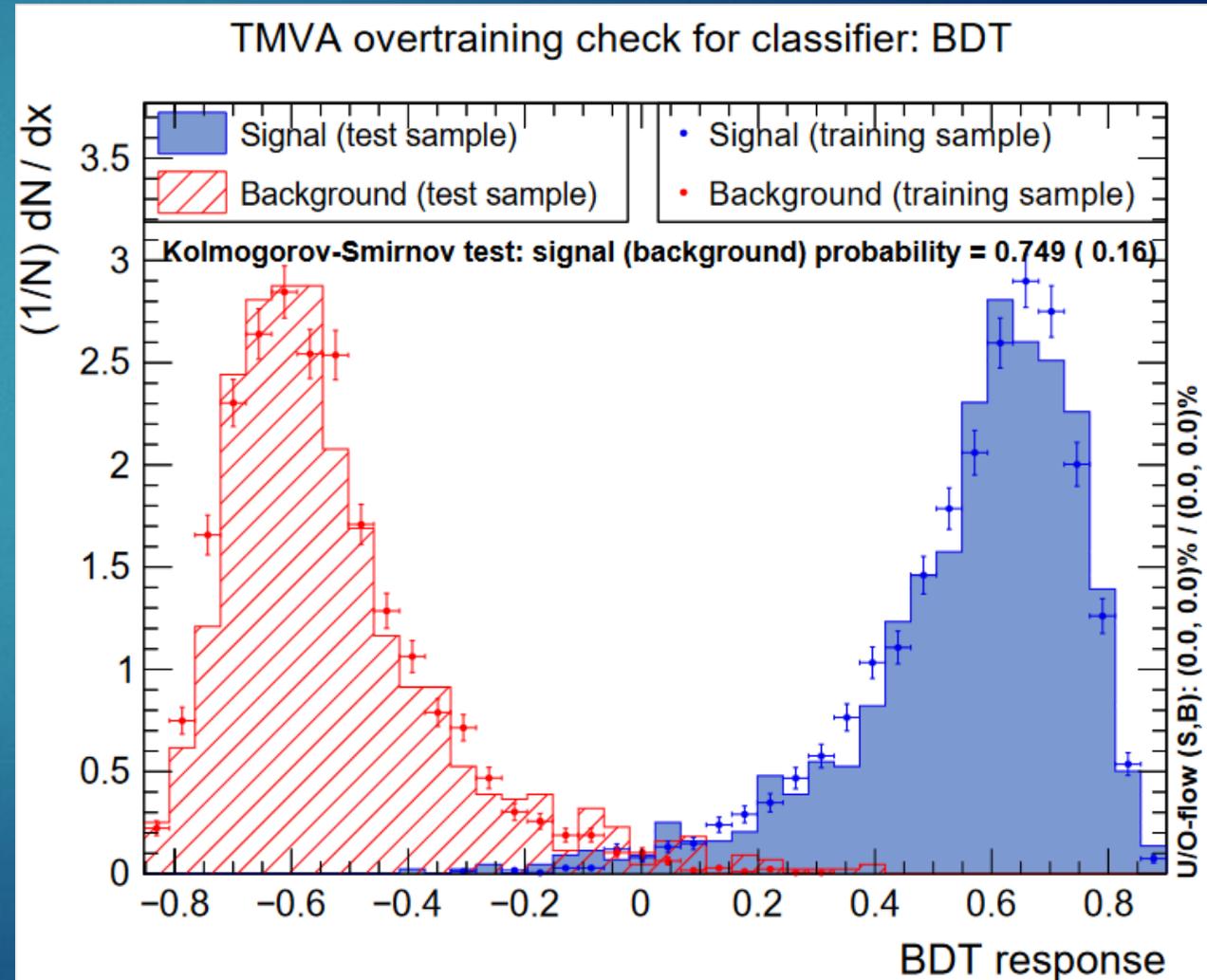
- ▶ From MC we see pions being miss-IDed as positrons above 4.5 GeV, due to the HTCC firing for high momentum pions.
- ▶ MC positron as signal training sample.
- ▶ MC pion IDed as positron as background training sample.
- ▶ Train on PCAL LU/LV/LW and M2U/M2V/M2W, energy deposition in PCAL/ECIN/ECOUT and the number of photoelectrons produced in HTCC.

Miss-IDed pi+ Momentum



Response

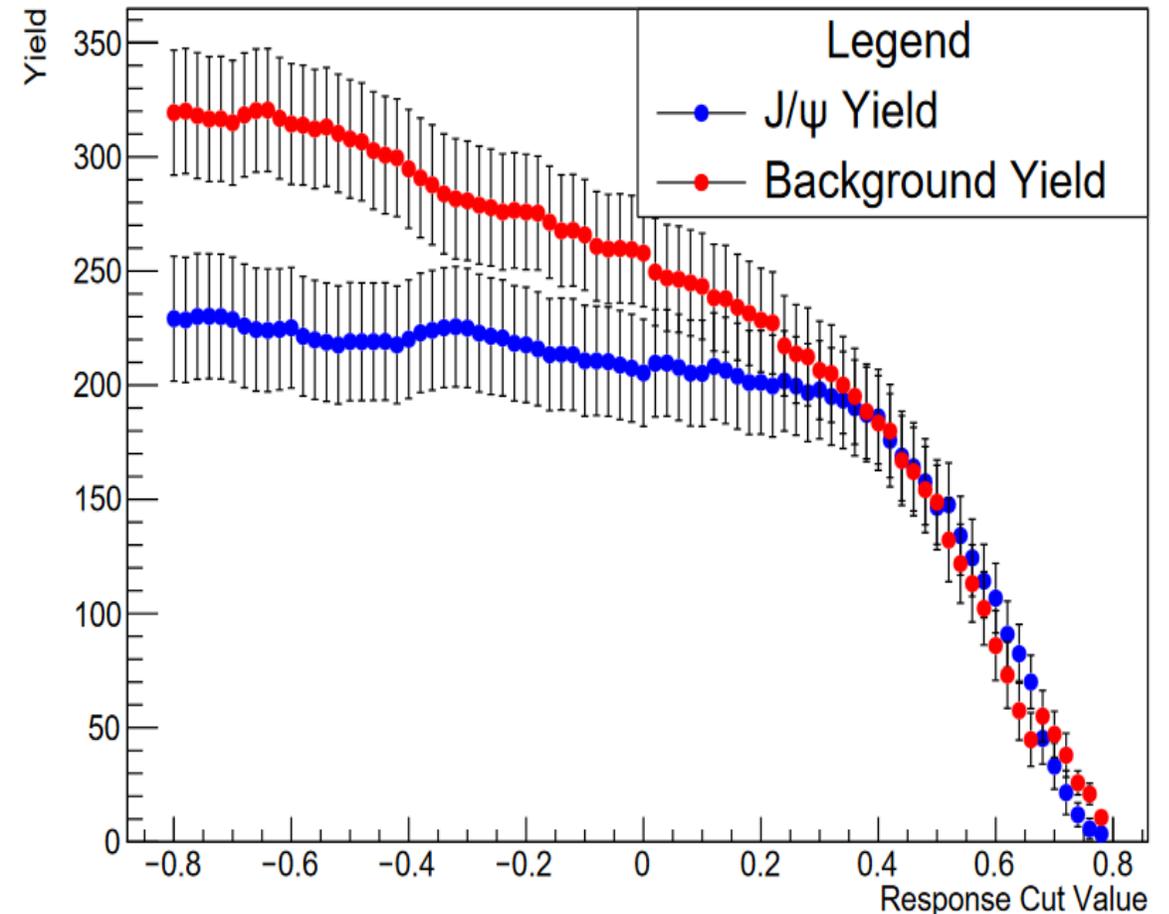
- ▶ Trained a Boosted Decision Tree to distinguish between pions and positrons
- ▶ The output of the neural network is given as a probability of being a signal event. We call this probability the response.
- ▶ A perfect classifier would assign a response of 1 to all signal events and a response of 0 to all background events.
- ▶ We choose the threshold above which to call the trigger.



Cutting on the Response

- ▶ As we vary the cut on the response, we start to reject signal and background events.
- ▶ A tight cut would be placed at high response. Here we chose to place this cut at 0.3.

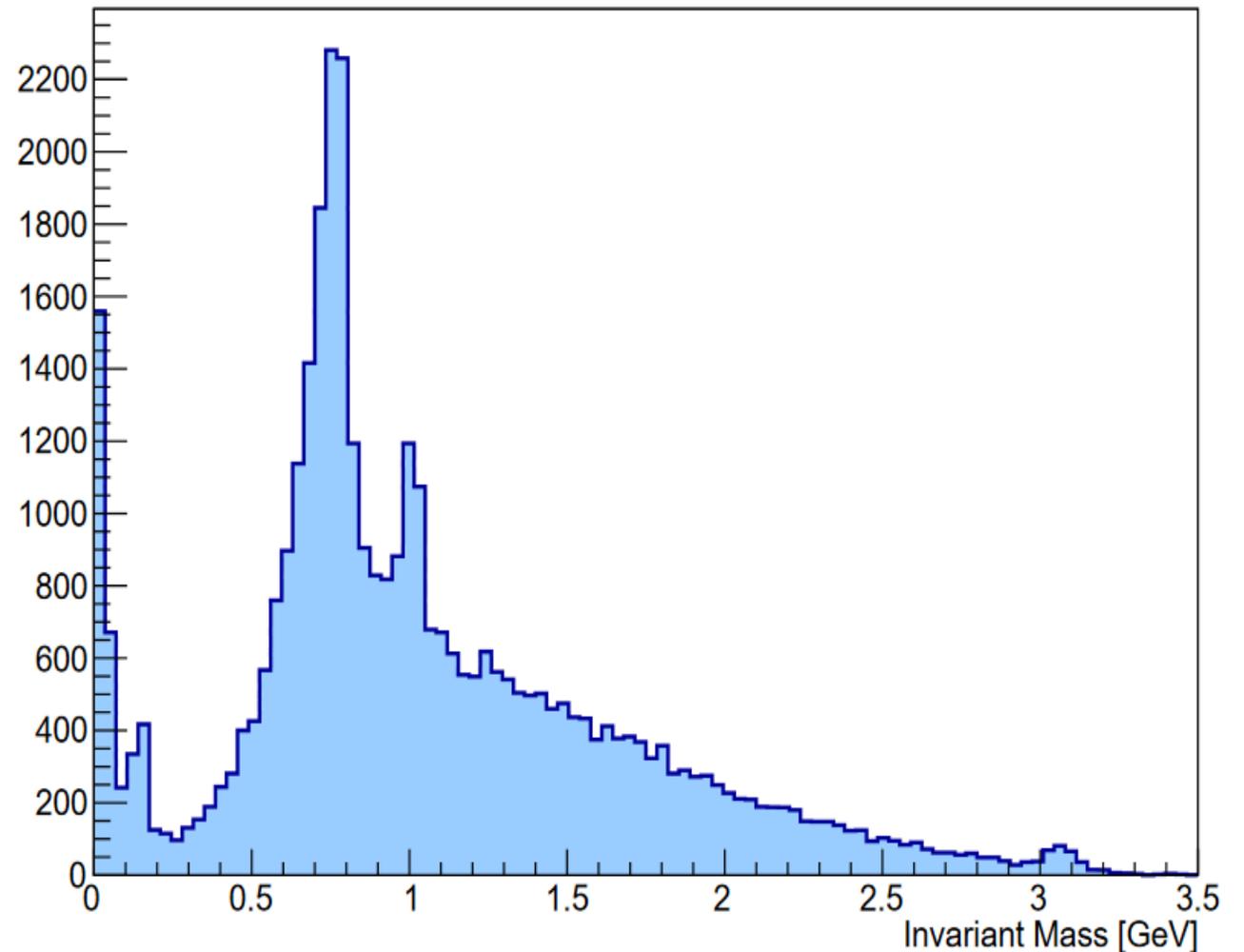
J/ ψ and Background Yields vs Response Cut Value



$e^+ e^-$ Invariant Mass

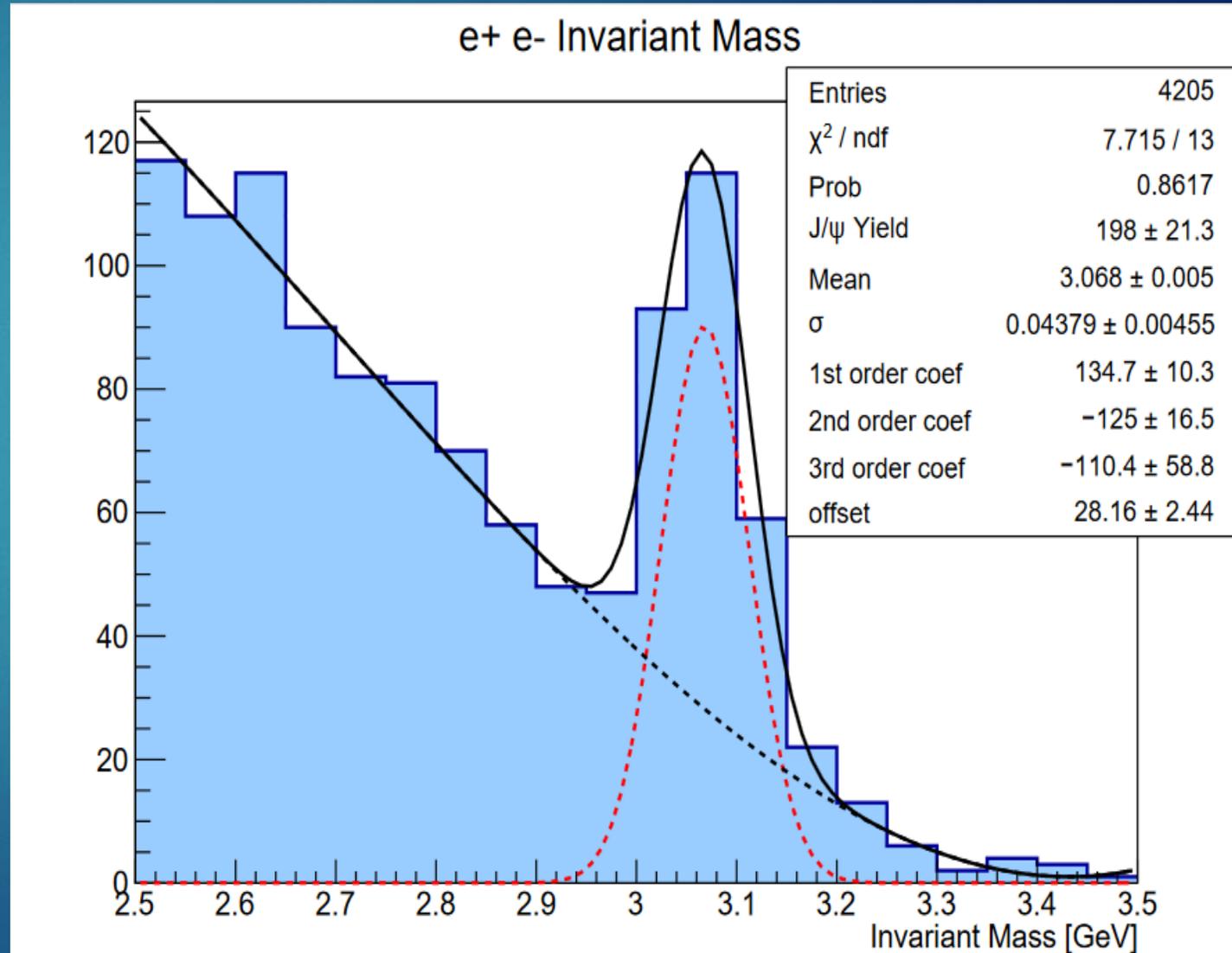
- ▶ $|MM^2| < 0.2 \text{ GeV}^2$
- ▶ $Q^2 < 0.2 \text{ GeV}^2$
- ▶ e^+ PID response > 0.3
- ▶ $\Delta T_{HTCC} < 0.4 \text{ ns}$
- ▶ Proton and e^- EB PID

$e^+ e^-$ Invariant Mass



e+ e- Invariant Mass

- ▶ RG-A has ~230 J/ψ events for an accumulated charge of 114 mC (check with Joseph if it's gated or ungated).
- ▶ The accumulated charge of the spring2019 RG-B runs was 79.6 mC (gated), 88.6 mC (ungated).



Next Steps

- ▶ Calculate the total and differential cross sections for near threshold J/ψ photoproduction $ed \rightarrow (e')e^+e^-p$. This will provide a healthy cross check to the RG-A measurements.
- ▶ Repeat this analysis for the $ed \rightarrow (e')e^+e^-n$ channel. The main complications will be due to neutron efficiency and reconstruction.

References

- [1] R. Aaij et al. (LHCb Collaboration), Observation of a narrow pentaquark state, $P_c(4312)^+$, and of two-peak structure of the $P_c(4450)^+$, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **122** 22 (2019).
- [2] A. Ali et al (GlueX Collaboration), First measurement of near-threshold J/ψ exclusive photoproduction off the proton, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **123** 072001 (2019).