#### eRD110 - Photosensors

FY24 report & FY25 proposal

#### Alexander Kiselev (BNL) on behalf of the eRD110 Consortium:

Argonne National Laboratory, Brookhaven National Laboratory, Catholic University of America, Friedrich-Alexander-Universit" at Erlangen-N"urnberg, Helmholtzzentrum f"ur Schwerionenforschung, Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare (Genova), Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare (Trieste), Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility, University of Glasgow, University of South Carolina, Yale University

ePIC / EIC Project Detector Advisory Committee meeting, August 29, 2024

# FY24 report

## HRPPD / MCP-PMT evaluation activities & funding

eRD110 proposal topics as of August 2023	Actual funding	Status & plans
Samtec interposers purchase	Not funded	Ordered using FY23 carryover money
HRPPD passive interface	Not funded	Built using FY23 carryover money
HRPPD ASIC backplane	Not funded	
B field studies at Argonne	MCP-PMT evaluation only	Postponed; now moved to early 2025
B field studies at INFN	Not funded	
Beam test at Fermilab	Cancelled	Focus on lab studies in 2024
HRPPD ageing studies at INFN	FY24 funding granted	Technique developed using an LAPPD
HRPPD QE evaluation at Argonne	Not funded	
HRPPD PDE evaluation at BNL	Not funded	
Timing upgrade at BNL	FY24 funding granted	Pretty much completed
MCP-PMT evaluation at Glasgow	FY24 funding granted	Setup upgrade completed

### **EIC HRPPD** passive interfaces

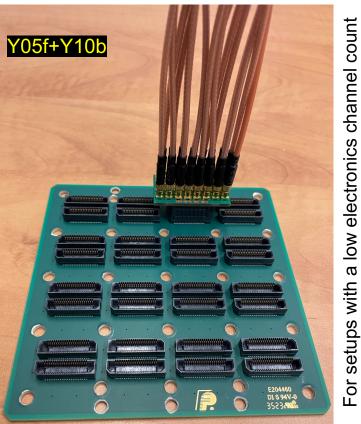
a low electronics channel count



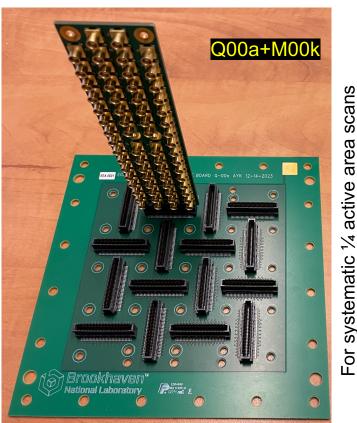
scans

area

active

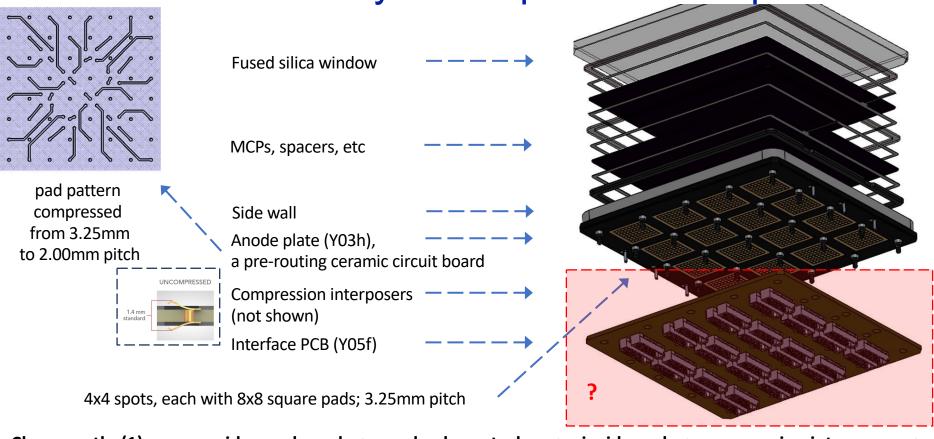


Samtec -> MMCX adapter; MMCX -> MCX pigtail cables, grounding caps

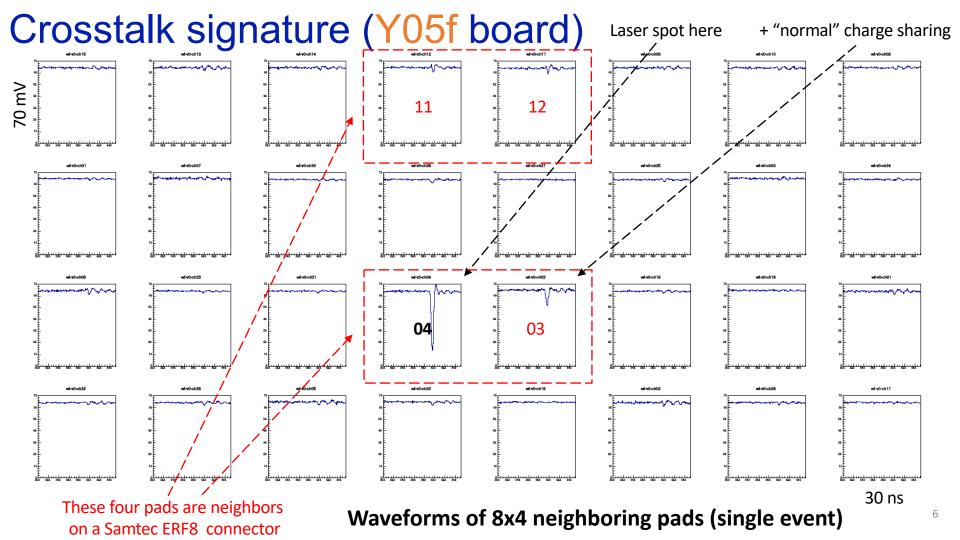


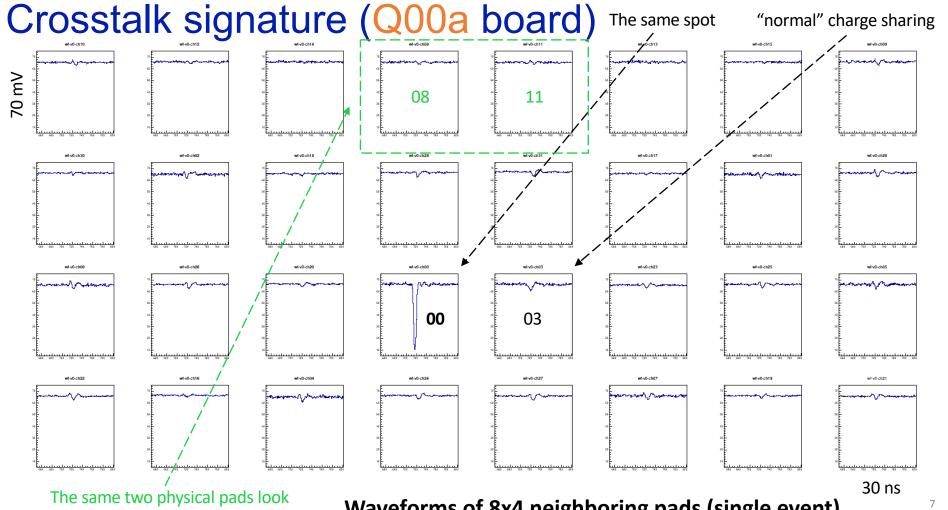
systematic For

Samtec interface to the existing 64channel edge-to-MCX adapter cards EIC HRPPD assembly with a passive backplane



Charge path: (1) vacuum side anode pads -> anode plane stackup -> air side pads -> compression interposers -> (2) interface PCB -> MMCX adapter PCB -> pigtail RG-316 (?) cables -> 6" RG-174 cables -> V1742 digitizer

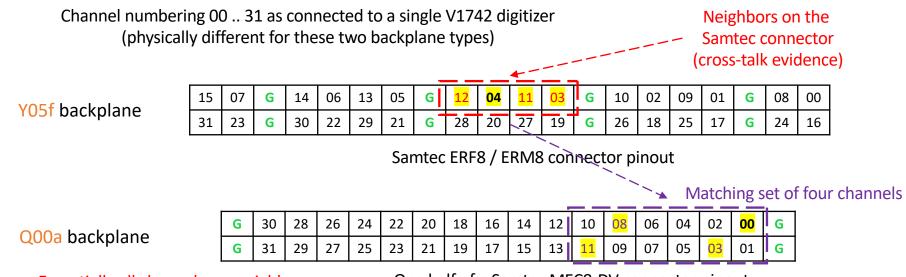




"better" than several other ones

Waveforms of 8x4 neighboring pads (single event)

## Electronics channel routing of a single 8x4 pad area



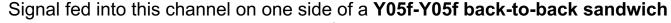
Essentially all channels are neighbors (and no ground separation between finger rows either)

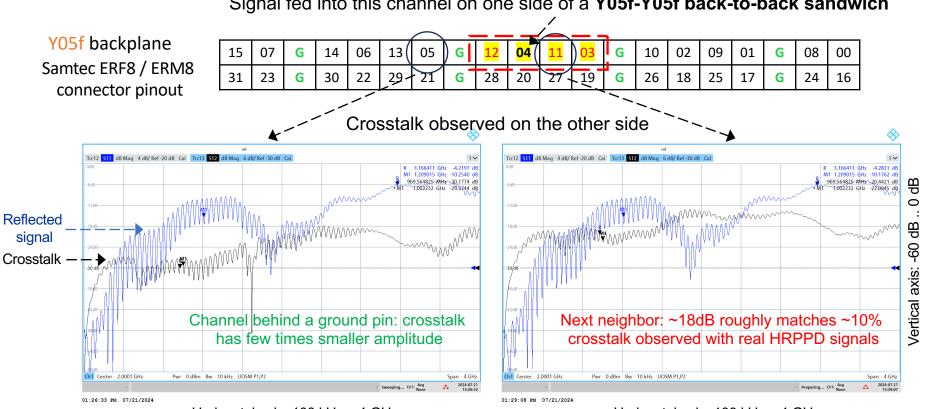
One half of a Samtec MEC8-DV connector pinout

A good indication that crosstalk does NOT originate inside of the HRPPD ceramic backplane, but rather in a passive interface PCB of a suboptimal design

## Study with a Vector Network Analyzer





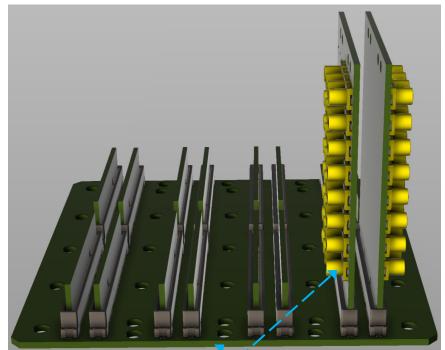


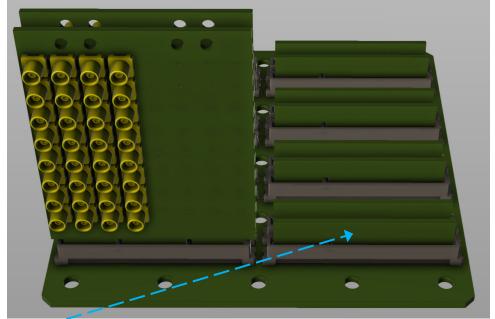
Horizontal axis: 100 kHz .. 4 GHz

Horizontal axis: 100 kHz ... 4 GHz

# Re-designed HRPPD interface backplane



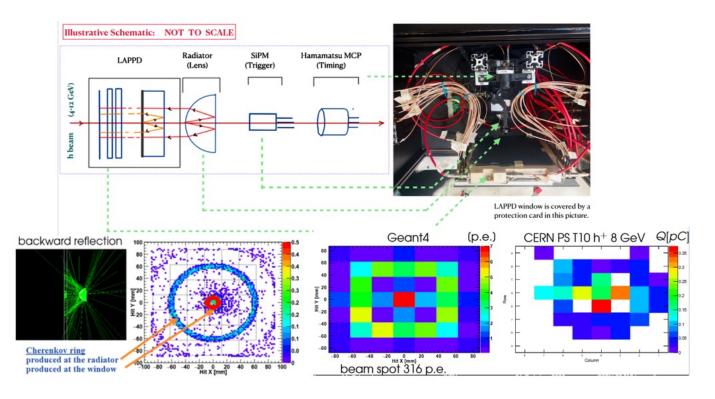




- Multi-layer boards, 140-pin Amphenol Cool Slim Edge connectors, -GSGSGSG- trace isolation
  - > Q02b: backplane itself (can be used with vertically mounted ASIC plugin cards if needed)
  - M02b MCX adapter cards in 1-2 selected slots
  - > S02b: 50 Ohm termination boards in all other slots

### 2022 LAPPD beam test data analysis



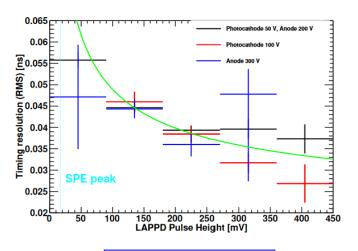


- > CERN PS beam line, 20 μm pore Gen II LAPPD (capacitively coupled)
- Focus: timing performance characterization with a particle beam

### 2022 LAPPD beam test data analysis



#### INFN groups: Trieste, Genova



$$\sigma_t = p_0 + \frac{p_1}{\sqrt{V_{peak}/1V}}$$

#### Single photon time resolution: 75 ps Asymptotic limit for large amplitude (multiple detected photons): 18 ps

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Full Length Article

#### Characterization of LAPPD timing at CERN PS testbeam



Deb Sankar Bhattacharya <sup>a</sup>, Andrea Bressan <sup>a,b</sup>, Chandradoy Chatterjee <sup>a</sup>, Silvia Dalla Torre <sup>a</sup>, Mauro Gregori <sup>a</sup>, Alexander Kiselev <sup>c</sup>, Stefano Levorato <sup>a</sup>, Anna Martin <sup>a,b</sup>, Saverio Minutoli <sup>d</sup>, Mikhail Osipenko <sup>d,\*</sup>, Richa Rai <sup>a</sup>, Marco Ripani <sup>d</sup>, Fulvio Tessarotto <sup>a</sup>, Triloki Triloki <sup>a</sup>

- a INFN Sezione di Trieste, Trieste, 34127, Italy
- b INFN Università di Trieste, Trieste, 34127, Italy
- <sup>c</sup> Brookhaven National Lab, Upton, NY 11973, USA
- d INFN, Sezione di Genova, Genova, 16146, Italy

<sup>➤</sup> Analysis finalized and a NIM paper published in 2024

## LAPPD performance in a magnetic field



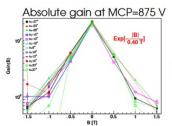
#### **Essentially a carryover of the approved FY23 program**

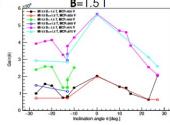
- First campaign with a field intensity up to 0.5 T (November 2023)
- ➤ Second campaign with a field intensity up to 1.5 T (March 2024)

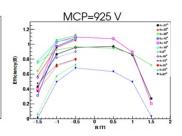












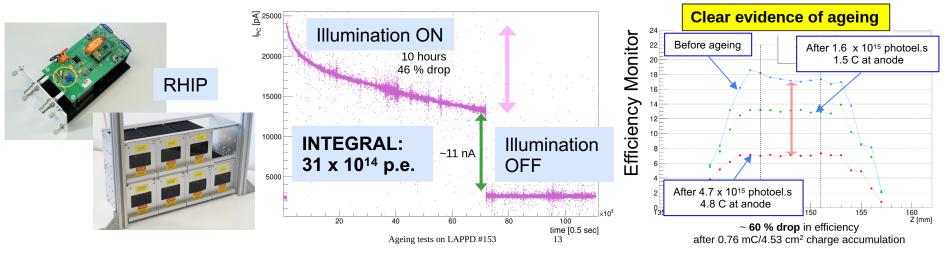
- tests performed at CERN MNP-17 and M113 magnets,
- LAPPD gain drops exponentially with **B**-magnitude,
- gain reduction was almost independent of the field angle, except  $\theta = -13$  deg. and  $|\theta| \ge 20$  deg.,
- at B>0 MCP bias could be increased on +100 V beyond limits, reaching at 1.5 T 1/3 of B=0 gain,
- efficiency is also reduced in magnetic field, especially at  $\theta = -13$  deg. and  $\theta \ge 13$  deg.,
- most of inefficiency B-dependence can be recovered by increase of MCP and PC biases.

NIMA publication on the way!

### LAPPD ageing studies



- A preparatory exercise for the HRPPD ageing studies (once an HRPPD becomes available at INFN)
  - ➤ Ageing studies illuminating a group of 4 (6 x 6) mm² pads
    - A second group of pads of 4 pads used as detector performance control
  - > A characterizing aspect of our approach:
    - thanks to the availability of fully floating picoampermeters (custom RHIP: http://dx.doi.org/10.22323/1.322.0068) we can measure the current at the photocathode and, therefore, directly monitor the number of extracted photoelectrons; this approach makes possible the direct extrapolation of the ageing studies to the experiment needs



## Femtosecond laser system

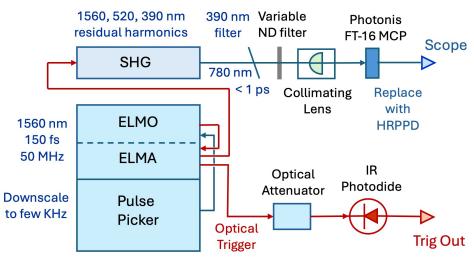


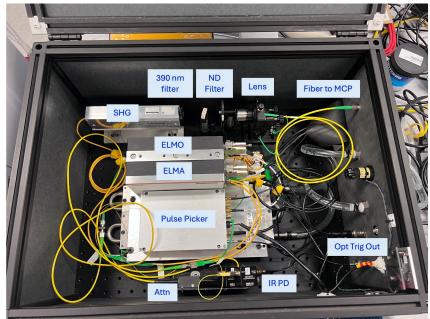
Menlo Systems Elmo 780 Erbium Fiber Femtosecond Laser

ELMO = Primary Laser Oscillator

ELMA = Optical Amplifier

SHG = 2<sup>nd</sup> Harmonic Generator





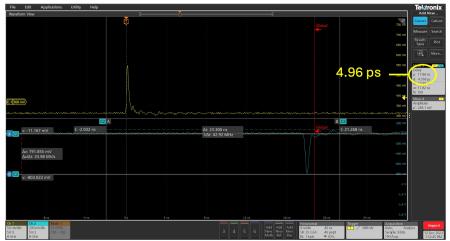
# Measurements with Photonis MCP-PMT 🗐



IR Photodiode Pulse Rise Time ~ 70 ps Pulse Width < 160 ps

Time Jitter between Photodiode Trigger and MCP < 5 ps

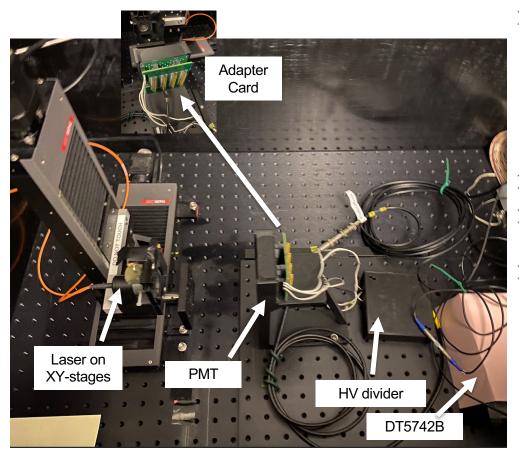




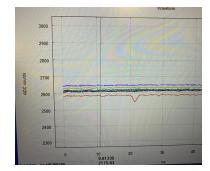
Conclusion: we should be able to make timing measurements with a resolution < 10 ps

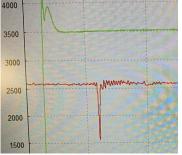
#### Photek & Photonis MCP-PMT evaluation





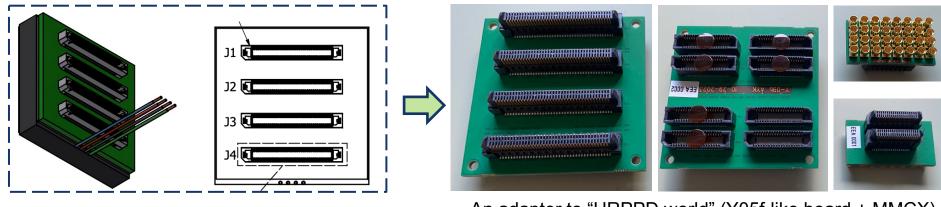
- Borrowed Planacon XP85112-S-BA MCP-PMT from GSI
  - This is the one which was thoroughly tested at Erlangen by A. Lehmann
  - Will be on loan until Dec 2024 and used as a reference tube for UoG setup
- Constructed HV divider
- Outsourced adapter board for connecting to CAEN 32-channel V1742 digitizer
- ➤ 32 MCX cables currently in manufacture





#### Photek & Photonis MCP-PMT evaluation





2" Photek Auratek stock configuration

An adapter to "HRPPD world" (Y05f-like board + MMCX)

- Photek Auratek MAPMT253 16x16 pixel Multi-anode MCP-PMT ordered by JLab in Dec 2023
  - Shipment to Glasgow delayed (now: October 2024)
- Adapter boards available (see pictures above), MMCX-MCX cables made
- A 32-channel V1742 digitizer and a PCI card by CAEN delivered
- ➤ Waiting for budget set up agreement between UoG/Jlab lawyers to purchase further items for improving test stand (e.g. reference calibrated photodiode)

# FY25 proposal

## Proposed FY25 activities and budget request

Essentially a continuation / finalization of approved FY24 activities:

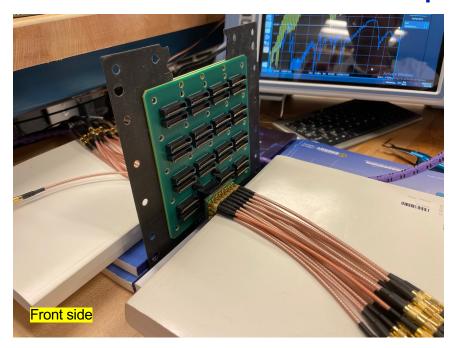
Activity	Group(s)	Funding request
B field studies at Argonne	ANL / BNL / JLab / USC	FY24 carryover
HRPPD ageing studies	INFN	\$20k
HRPPD timing studies	BNL	\$7k
MCP-PMT performance evaluation	Glasgow	None

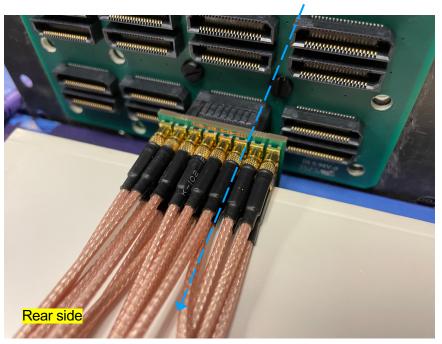
- ➤ Deliverables are comprehensive reports on concluded activities in the above table, by the end of FY25:
  - Confirmation of Photek MCP-PMT resilience to expected ePIC B-field
  - Confirmation of HRPPD resilience to expected extracted charge for ePIC pfRICH.
  - Evaluation of HRPPD timing performance as a fallback option for hpDIRC application
  - Assessment of Photek MCP-PMT as an HRPPD fallback option for ePIC pfRICH.

# Backup

#### Y05f-Y05f sandwich setup

Cable to Port 1 spot





- A Y10b-Y05f-interposer-Y05f-Y10b sandwich
  - Where Y05f is a backplane and Y10b a small Samtec -> MMCX adapter
- 2x8 MMCX->MCX cable pigtails on both sides
  - Permanently connected to V1742 DRS4 digitizer inputs (50 Ohm termination) except for a pair of Port 1 / Port 2 cables
- Rear sandwich side channel B2 -> ZNLE Port 1 (in all the subsequent plots)
- Front sandwich side -> to Port 2 (scan through all 16 MMCX connectors -> 16 plots total)

## LAPPD studies by INFN groups - HIGHLIGHTS

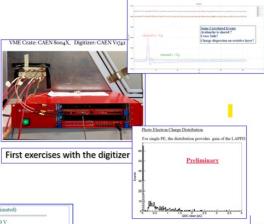
➤ INFN groups: Trieste, Genova

FY2022: Completion of the lab equipment for LAPPD characterization at INFN





Initial dark-box; then, optimized dark-box modified to improve lighttightness and operative needs



Example Photon-Event from Digitize



Getting familiar with the new head (405 nm) of the PICOQUANT pulsed laser source



Using the pre-amplificator: signal analysis at the scope

