



BESIII



Light Meson Decays at BESIII

Yadi Wang

**North China Electric Power University
(on behalf of BESIII collaboration)**

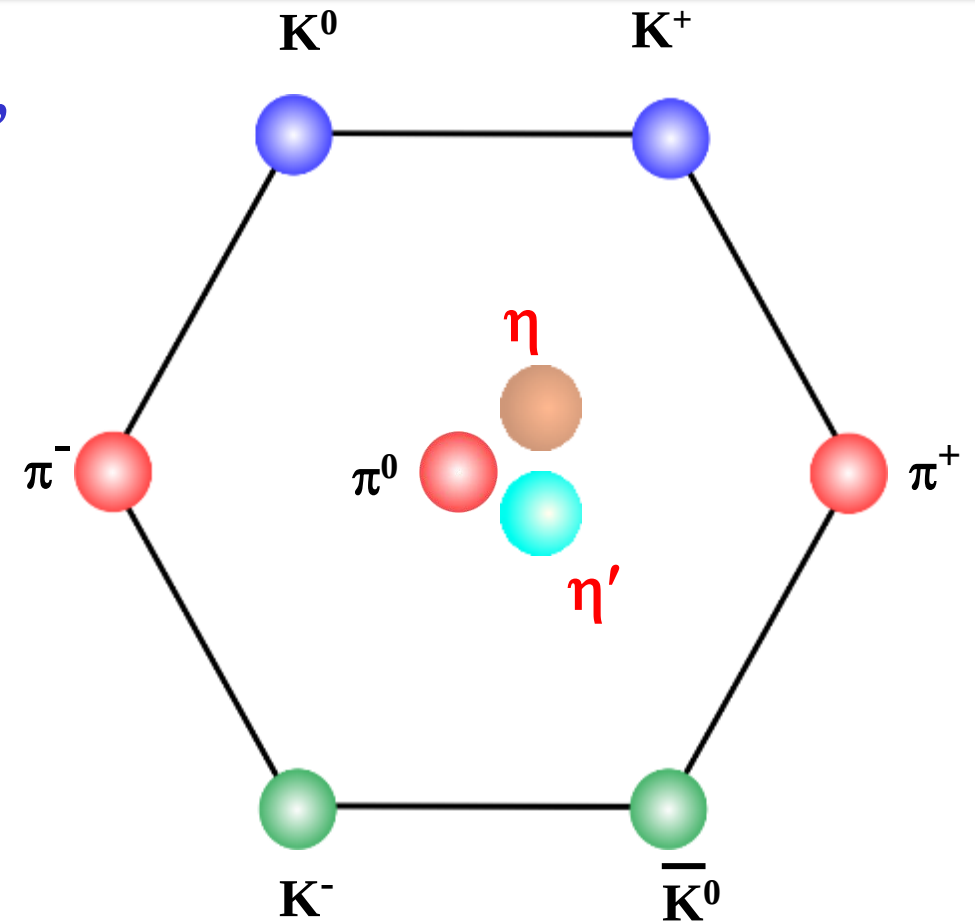
17th International Workshop on Meson Physics

KRAKÓW, POLAND

22nd - 27th June 2023

Light Meson Physics

- Play important roles in particle physics, e.g. strong interactions, Quark Model, CP violation ...
- Rich physics
 - Test ChPT predictions
 - EM Form factors
 - Test fundamental symmetries
 - Probe new physics beyond the SM



Source of η/η' events



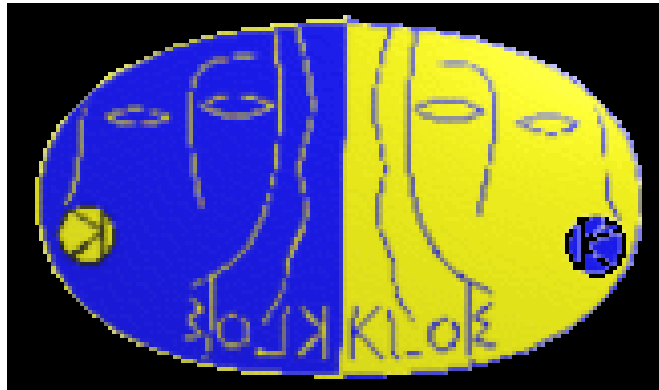
CLAS(12)



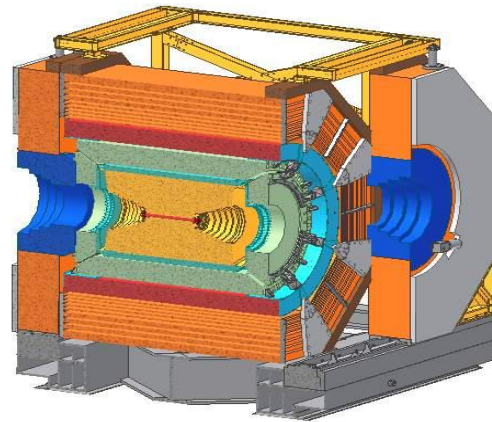
Crystal Ball



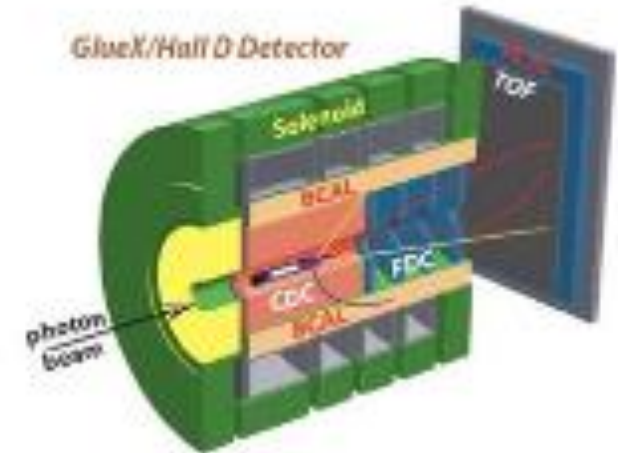
WASA-at-COSY



KLOE-2

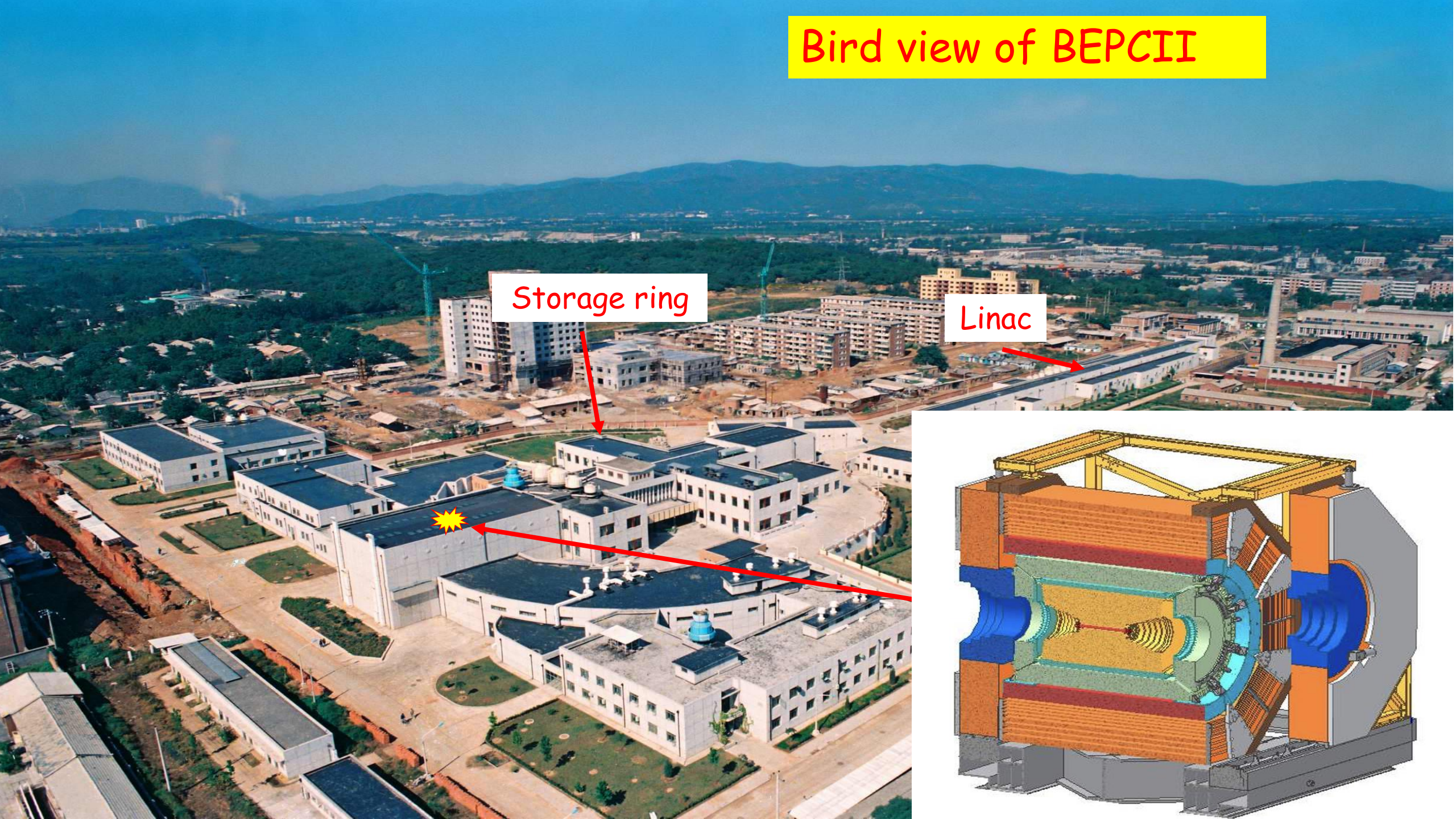


BESIII



GlueX

Bird view of BEPCII



The BESIII Detector

Drift Chamber (MDC)

$$\sigma_{P/P} (0/0) = 0.5\% (1\text{GeV})$$

$$\sigma_{dE/dx} (0/0) = 6\%$$

Time Of Flight (TOF)

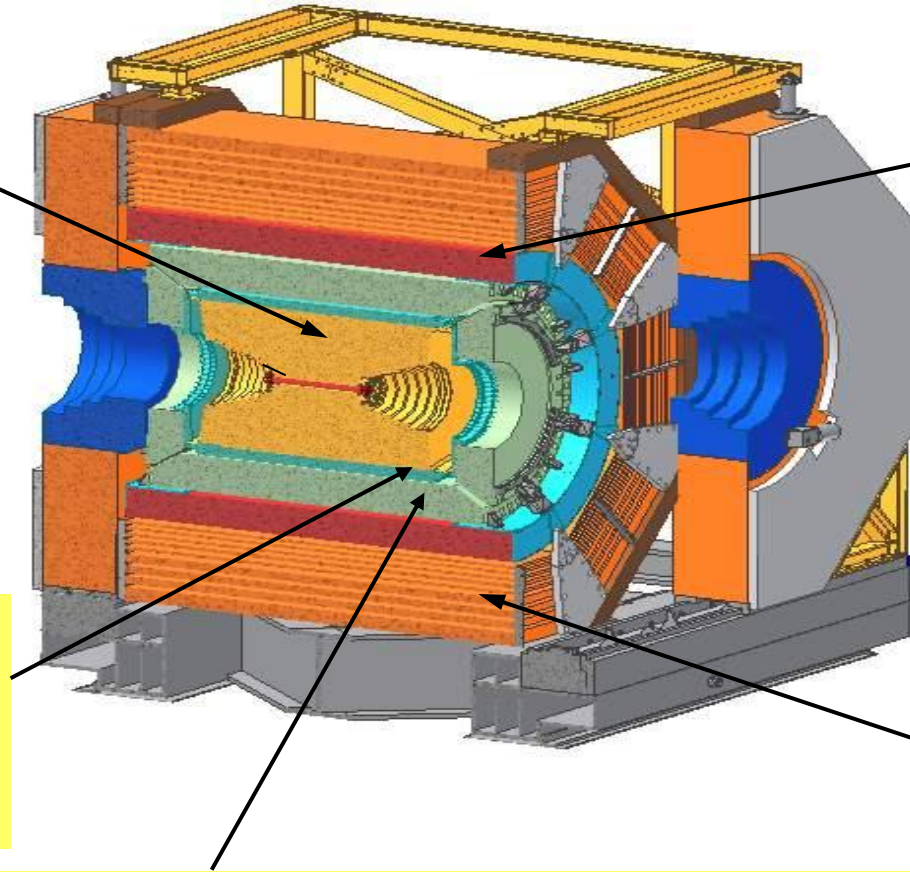
$$\sigma_T: 90 \text{ ps Barrel}$$
$$110 \text{ ps endcap}$$

EMC: $\sigma_{E/\sqrt{E}} (0/0) = 2.5\% (1 \text{ GeV})$
(CsI) $\sigma_{z,\phi} (\text{cm}) = 0.5 - 0.7 \text{ cm}/\sqrt{E}$

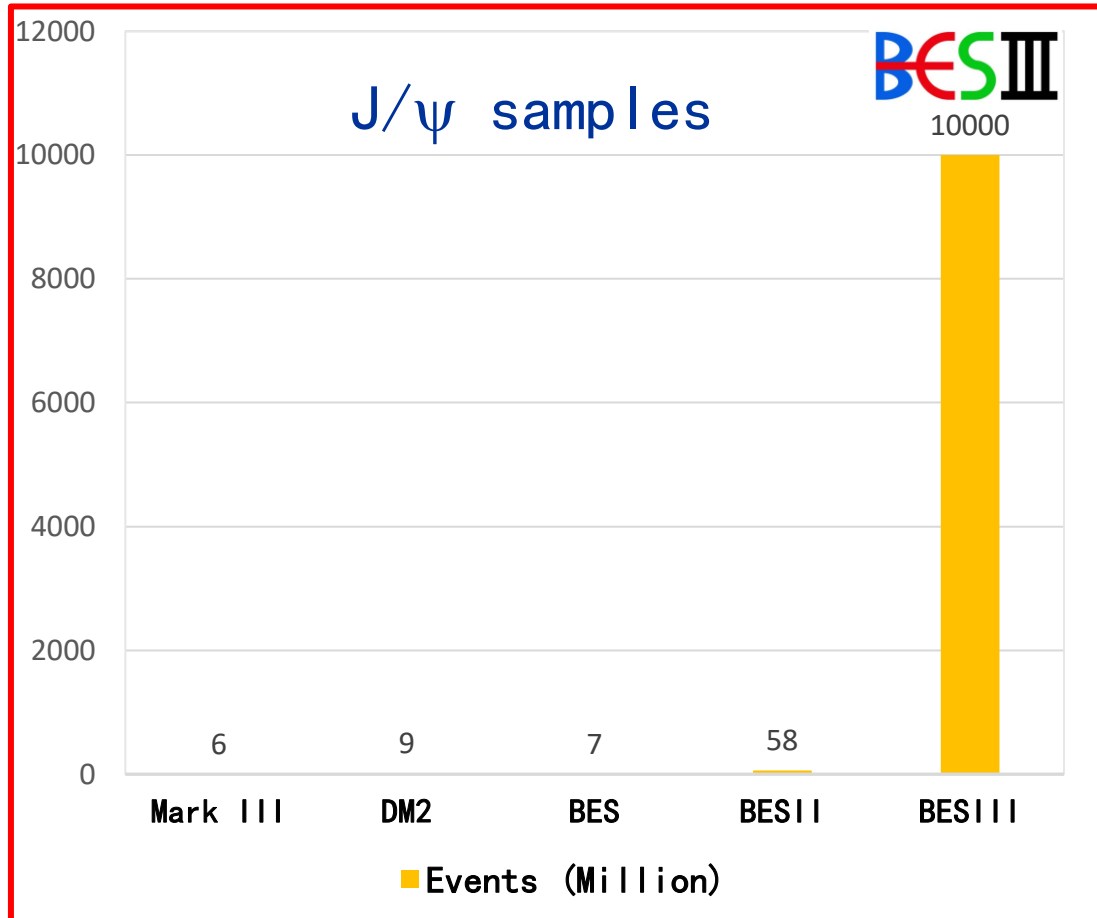
Super-conducting
magnet (1.0 tesla)

μ Counter

8- 9 layers RPC
 $\delta R\Phi = 1.4 \text{ cm} \sim 1.7 \text{ cm}$



η/η' decays at BESIII



- 10 billion J/ψ events available
- BESIII: a light meson factory
- $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \eta/\eta' \rightarrow 1 \times 10^7 \eta, 5.2 \times 10^7 \eta'$
- $J/\psi \rightarrow \phi \eta/\eta' \rightarrow 4 \times 10^6 \eta, 2.5 \times 10^6 \eta'$

η/η' decays at BESIII

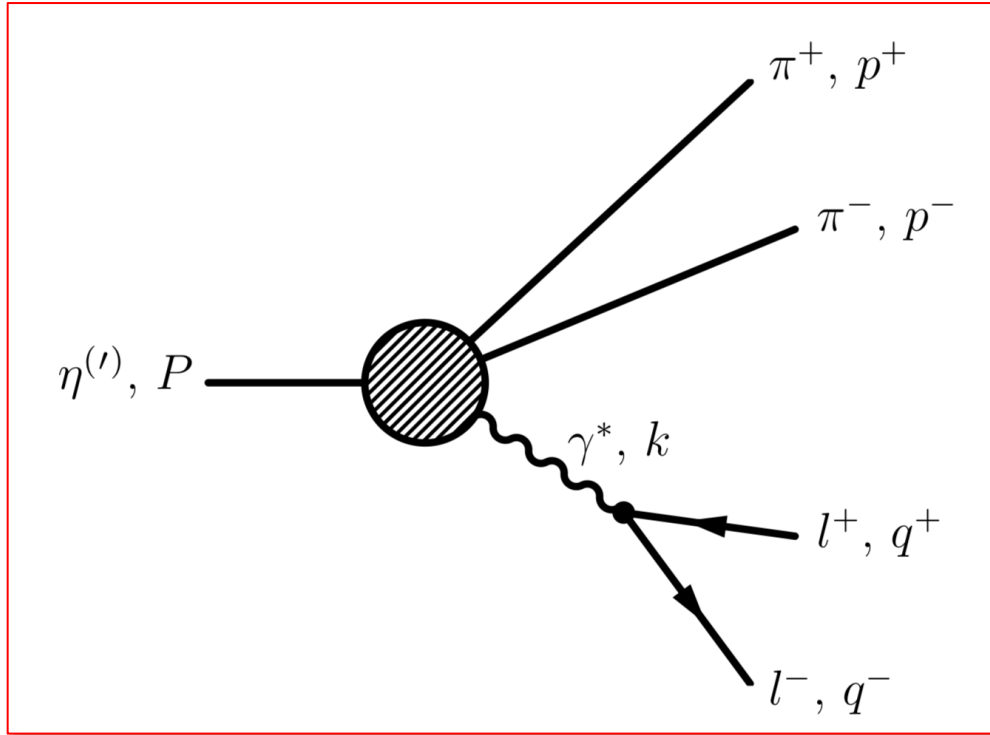
Hadronic decays

Radiative decays

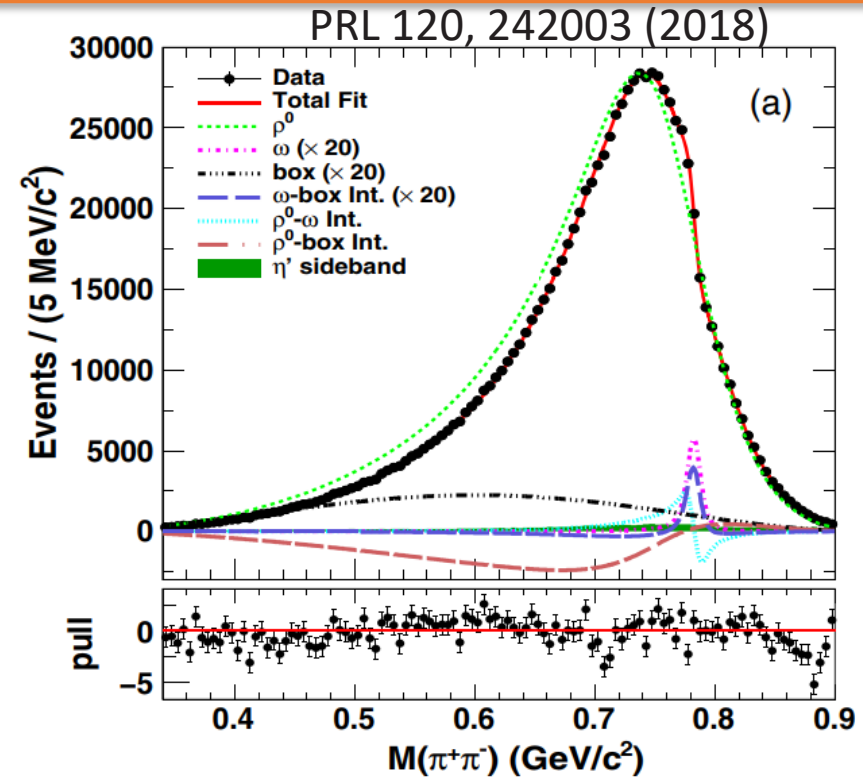
Rare/forbidden decays

Decay channel	Physics	Publication
$\eta' \rightarrow 2(\pi^+\pi^-), \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\pi^0$	First observation, BR	PRL112, 251801(2014)
$\eta' \rightarrow \gamma e^+e^-$	First observation, BR, TFF	PRD92, 012001(2015)
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0, \eta/\eta' \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\pi^0$	Matrix elements, m_u-m_d	PRD92, 012014(2015)
$\eta' \rightarrow \omega e^+e^-$	First observation, BR	PRD92, 051101(2015)
$\eta' \rightarrow K\pi$	Weak decay, UL	PRD93, 072008 (2016)
$\eta' \rightarrow \rho\pi$	First observation, BR	PRL118, 012001(2017)
$\eta' \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\pi^0$	BR, B boson	PRD96, 012005(2017)
$\eta' \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-$	BR, box anomaly	PRL120, 242003(2018)
$\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\eta, \eta' \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\eta$	Matrix elements, cusp effect	PRD97, 012003(2018)
$\omega \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$	Dalitz plot analysis	PRD98, 112007(2018)
$P \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	BRs, chiral anomaly	PRD97, 072014(2018)
$\eta' \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\eta$	UL	PRD100, 052015(2019)
Absolute BF of η' decays	BRs	PRL122, 142002(2019)
$\eta' \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\pi^0\pi^0$	CP-violation, UL	PRD101, 032001(2020)
Absolute BF of η decays	BRs	PRD104,092004(2021)
$\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-e^+e^-$	BR, CP-viol assymm	PRD103, 092005(2021)
$\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\mu^+\mu^-$	BR, decay dynamic	PRD103, 072006(2021)
$\eta' \rightarrow e^+e^-e^+e^-$	BR, TFF	PRD 105,112010(2022)
$\eta' \rightarrow \eta\pi^0\pi^0$	Cusp effect	PRL130,081901(2023)
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0, \pi^0\pi^0\pi^0$	Matrix elements, cusp effect	PRD107,092007(2023)

$$\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- l^+ l^-$$



$\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- l^+ l^-$ has similar structure of $\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$, replacing the γ with an off-shell one that decays into a lepton pair

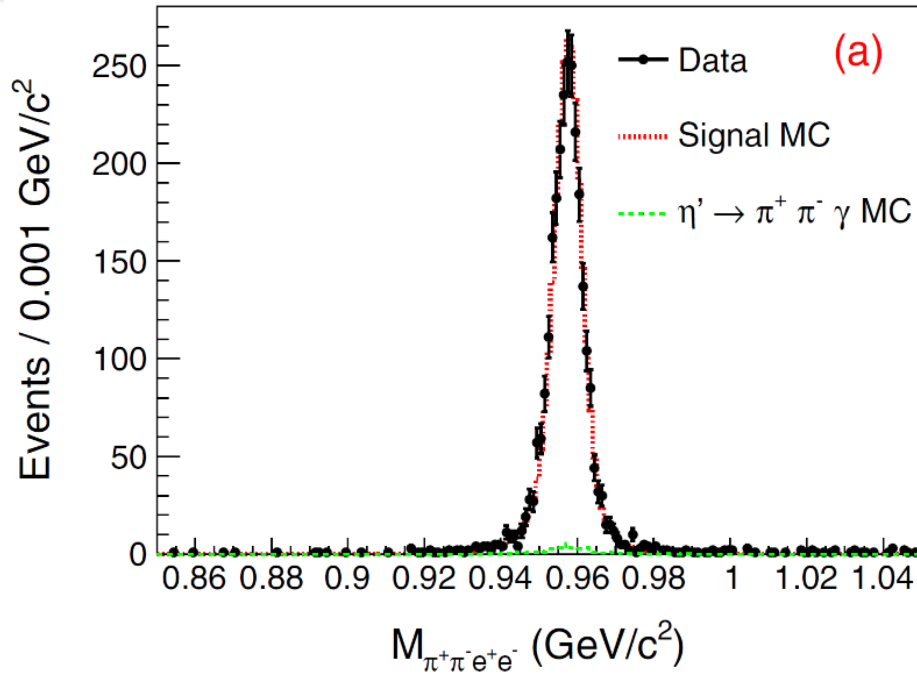


- Box anomaly
- Form factor $\rightarrow (g-2)_\mu$
- Test the CP symmetry

$\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-$

PRD103,092005(2021)

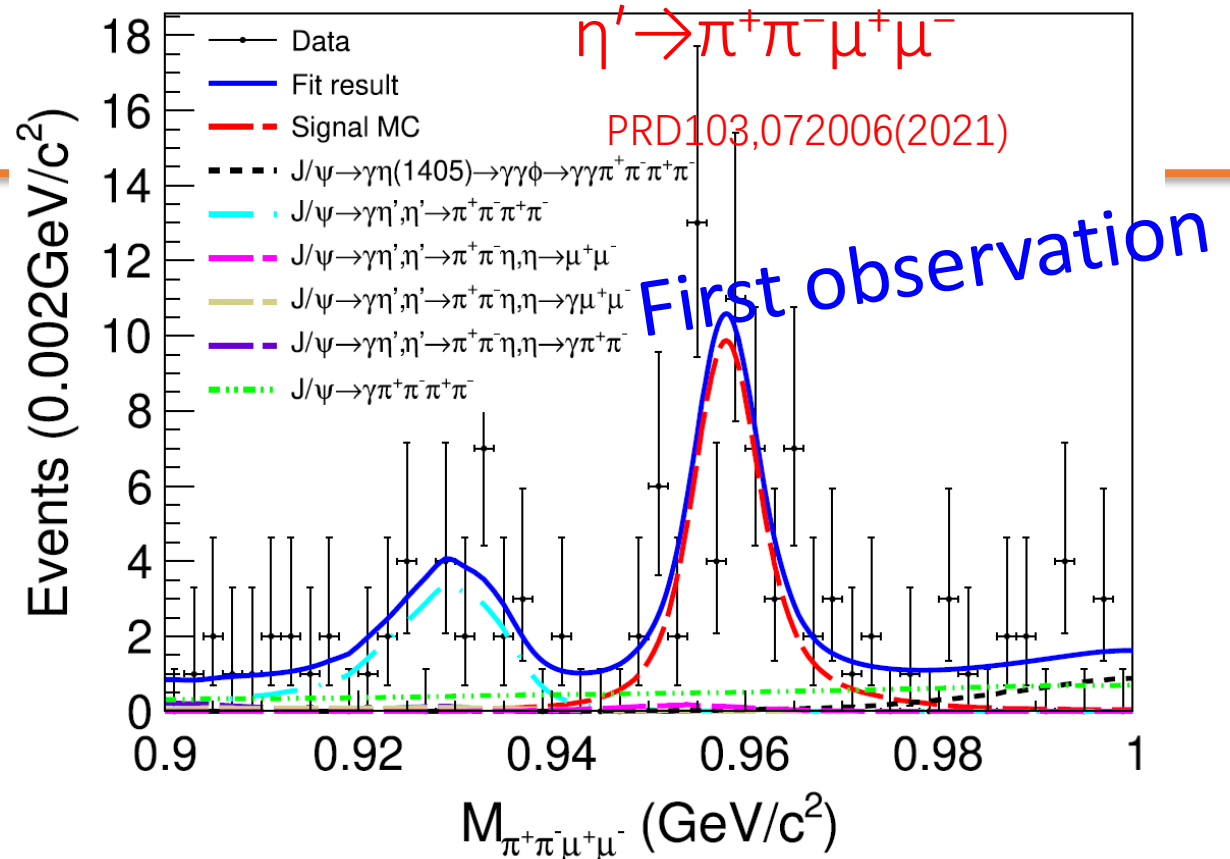
1.3 B J/ψ



$$\mathcal{B}(\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-) = (2.42 \pm 0.05(stat) \pm 0.08(syst)) \times 10^{-3}$$

$\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \mu^+ \mu^-$

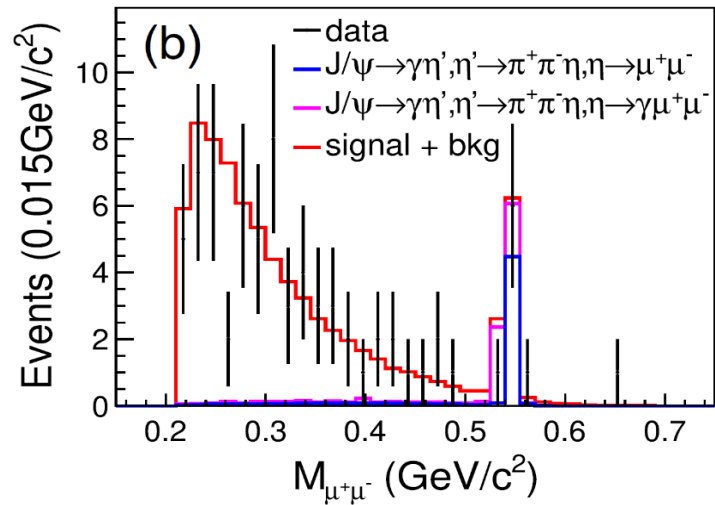
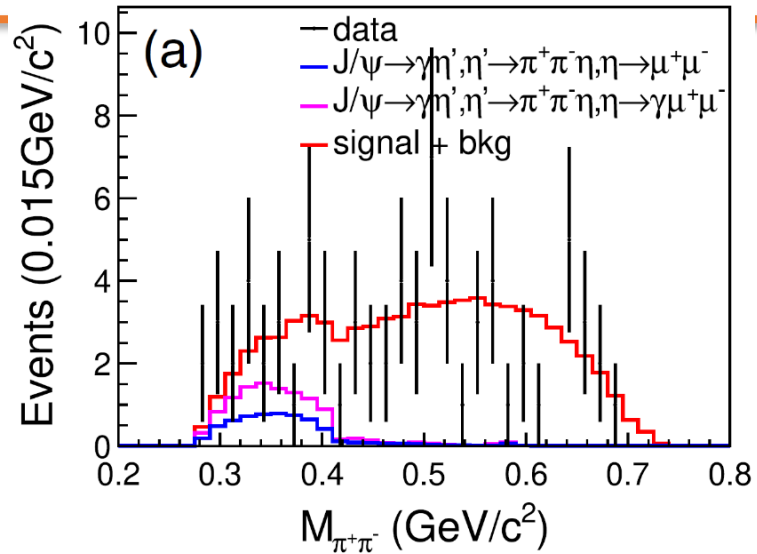
PRD103,072006(2021)



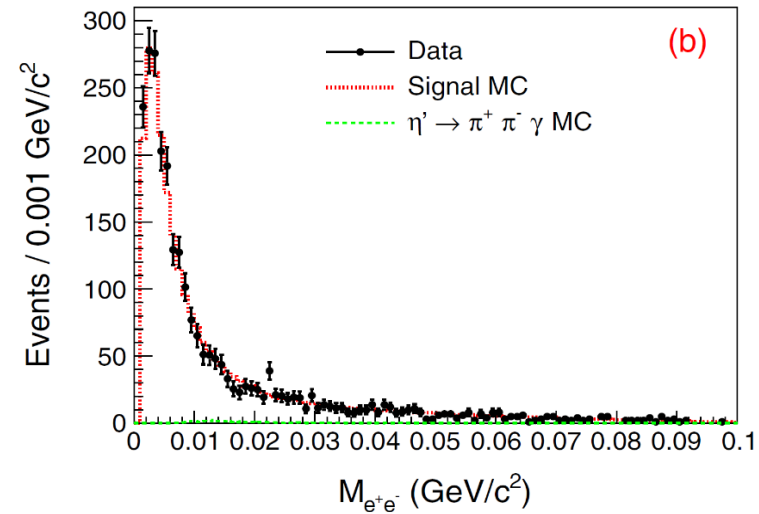
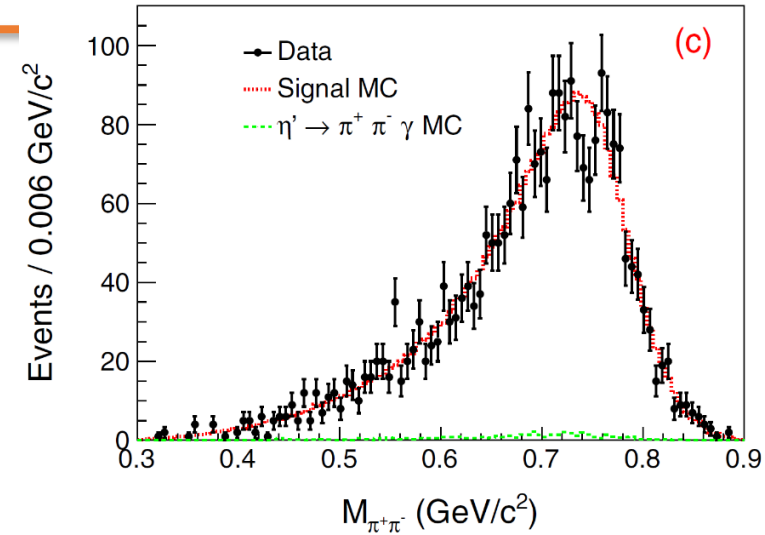
$$\mathcal{B}(\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \mu^+ \mu^-) = (1.97 \pm 0.33(stat) \pm 0.19(syst)) \times 10^{-5}$$

	hidden gauge Model	modified VMD	chiral unitary approach
$\text{Br}(\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-)$	$(2.17 \pm 0.21) \times 10^{-3}$	$(2.27 \pm 0.13) \times 10^{-3}$	$(2.13^{+0.17}_{-0.31}) \times 10^{-3}$
$\text{Br}(\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \mu^+ \mu^-)$	$(2.20 \pm 0.30) \times 10^{-5}$	$(2.41 \pm 0.25) \times 10^{-5}$	$(1.57^{+0.96}_{-0.75}) \times 10^{-5}$

$$\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \mu^+ \mu^-$$

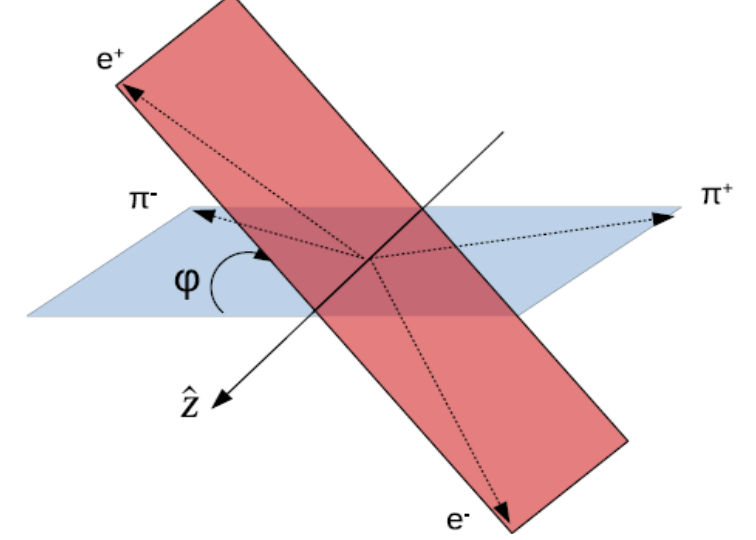
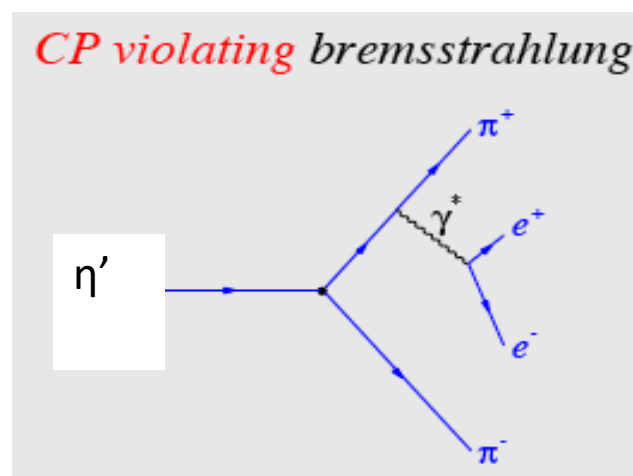
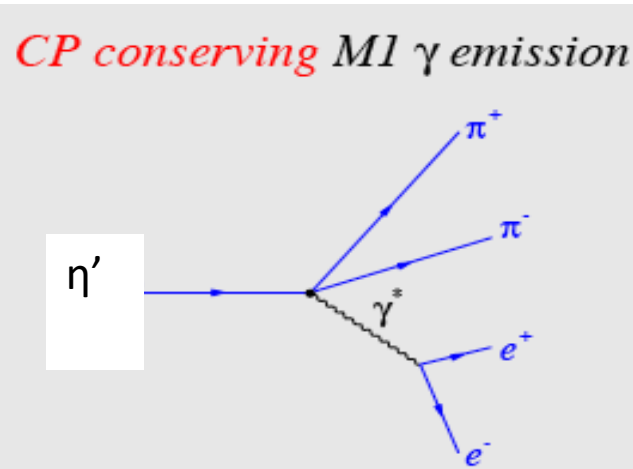


$$\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-$$

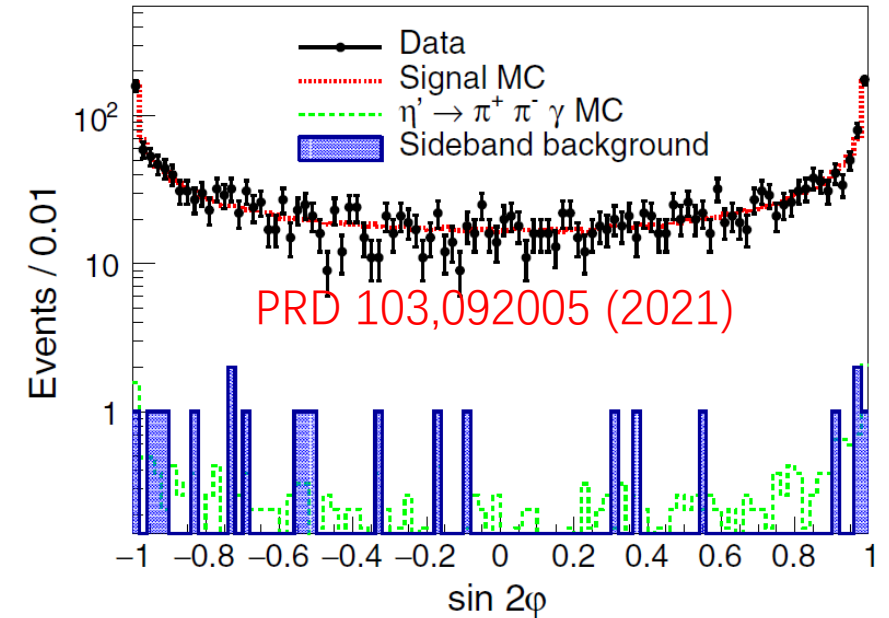


With high statistics of 10 billion J/ψ events, possible to access the transition form factor

Search for CP violation in $\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-$



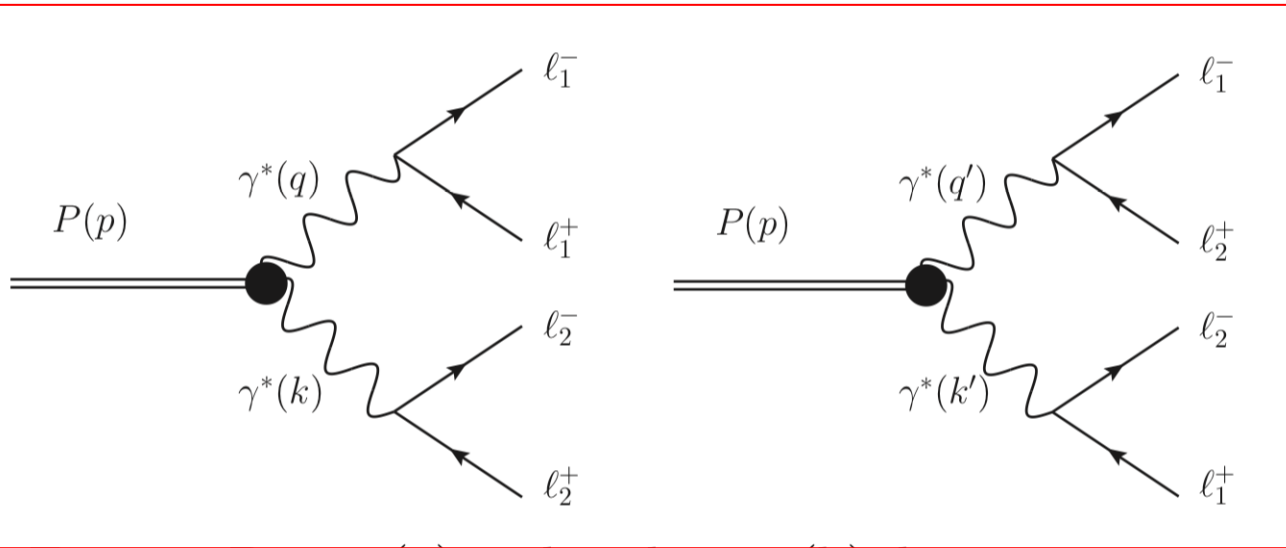
- A new sources of CP violation outside flavor-changing processes
- CP violation due to the interference between CP conserving (magnetic transition) and CP-violating (electric dipole transition)



The interference term can be extracted by the asymmetry of $\sin 2\varphi$ distribution

$$\mathcal{A}_\varphi = \frac{N(\sin 2\varphi > 0) - N(\sin 2\varphi < 0)}{N(\sin 2\varphi > 0) + N(\sin 2\varphi < 0)} = (2.9 \pm 3.7_{\text{stat}} \pm 1.1_{\text{syst}})\%$$

$$\eta' \rightarrow l^+ l^- l^+ l^-$$



Thimo Petri, arXiv: 1010.2378

Chinese Physics C42 (2018) 023109

$$\eta' \rightarrow e^+ e^- e^+ e^- \quad 2.10(45) \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\eta' \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \mu^+ \mu^- \quad 1.69(36) \times 10^{-8}$$

$$\eta' \rightarrow e^+ e^- \mu^+ \mu^- \quad 6.39(91) \times 10^{-7}$$

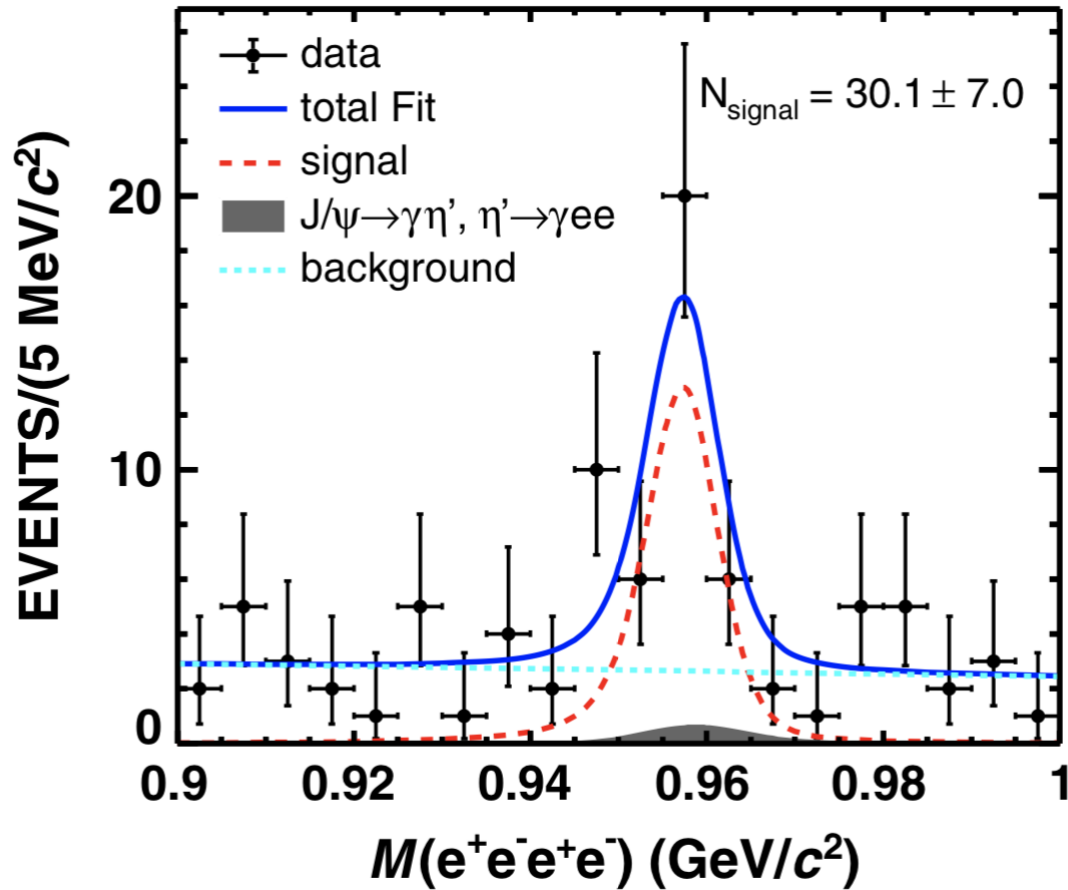
By means of data-driven approach based on the rational approximants applied to π^0, η, η' transition form factor data in space-like region

- Test the theoretical models
- Form factors $\rightarrow (g-2)_\mu$
- No experimental evidence yet!

Observation of $\eta' \rightarrow e^+ e^- e^+ e^-$

PRD 105,112010(2022)

10 B J/ψ



— Statistical significance 5.7σ

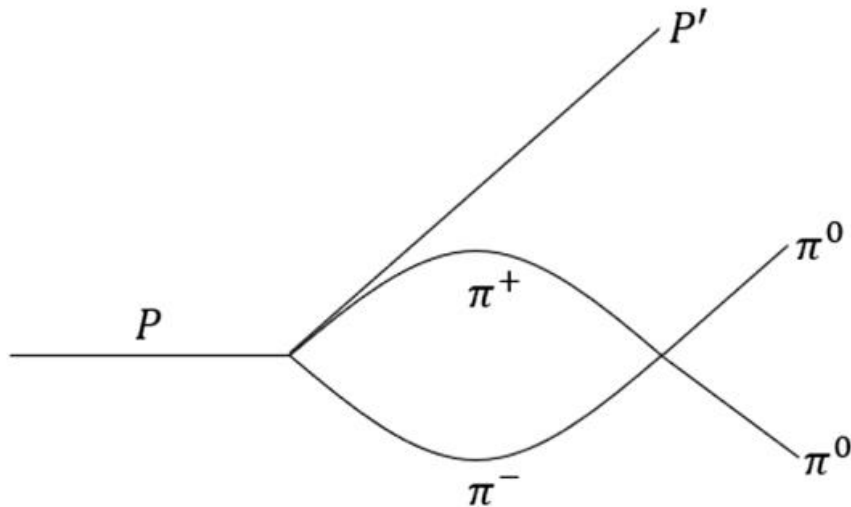
— BF in reasonable agreement with theoretical predictions

— insufficient for extraction of TFF, but provide information for η' TFF and couplings between η' and virtual photons.

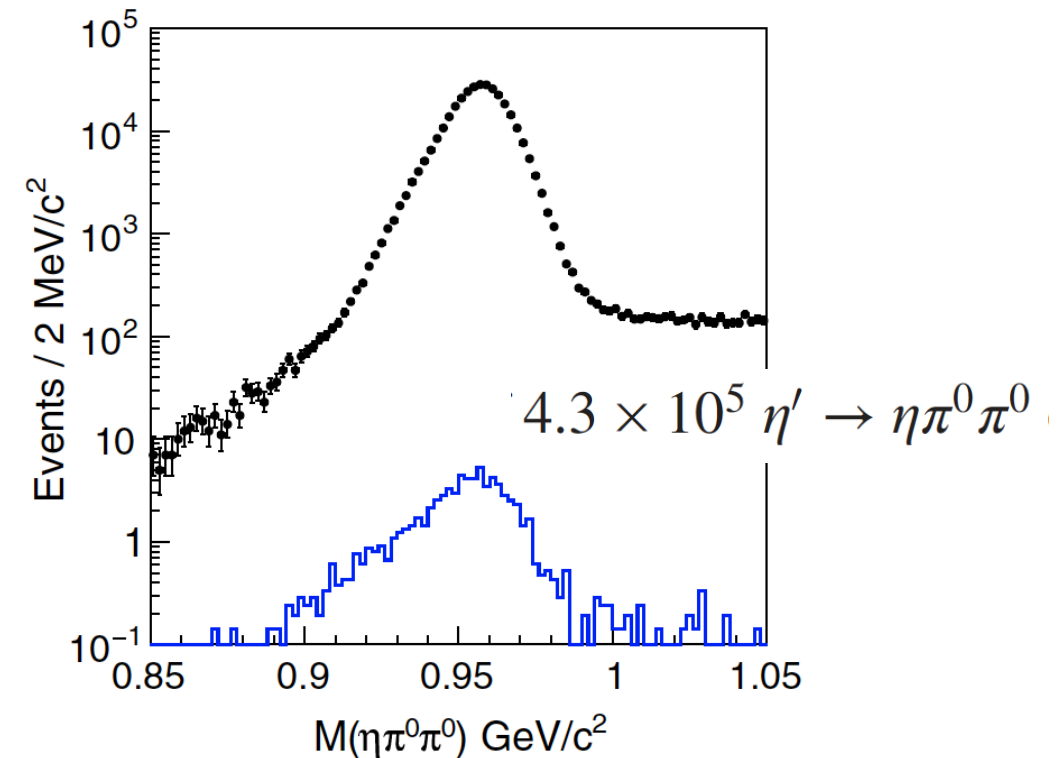
$$\mathcal{B}(\eta' \rightarrow e^+ e^- e^+ e^-) = (4.5 \pm 1.0(\text{stat}) \pm 0.5(\text{sys})) \times 10^{-6}$$

Evidence of the cusp effect in $\eta' \rightarrow \eta\pi^0\pi^0$

- S-wave charge-exchange rescattering: $\pi^+\pi^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0$
- A prominent cusp at the center of mass energy
- Investigation on $\pi\pi$ and $\pi\eta$ final interactions
- Sizeable cusp effect in $\eta' \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\eta$

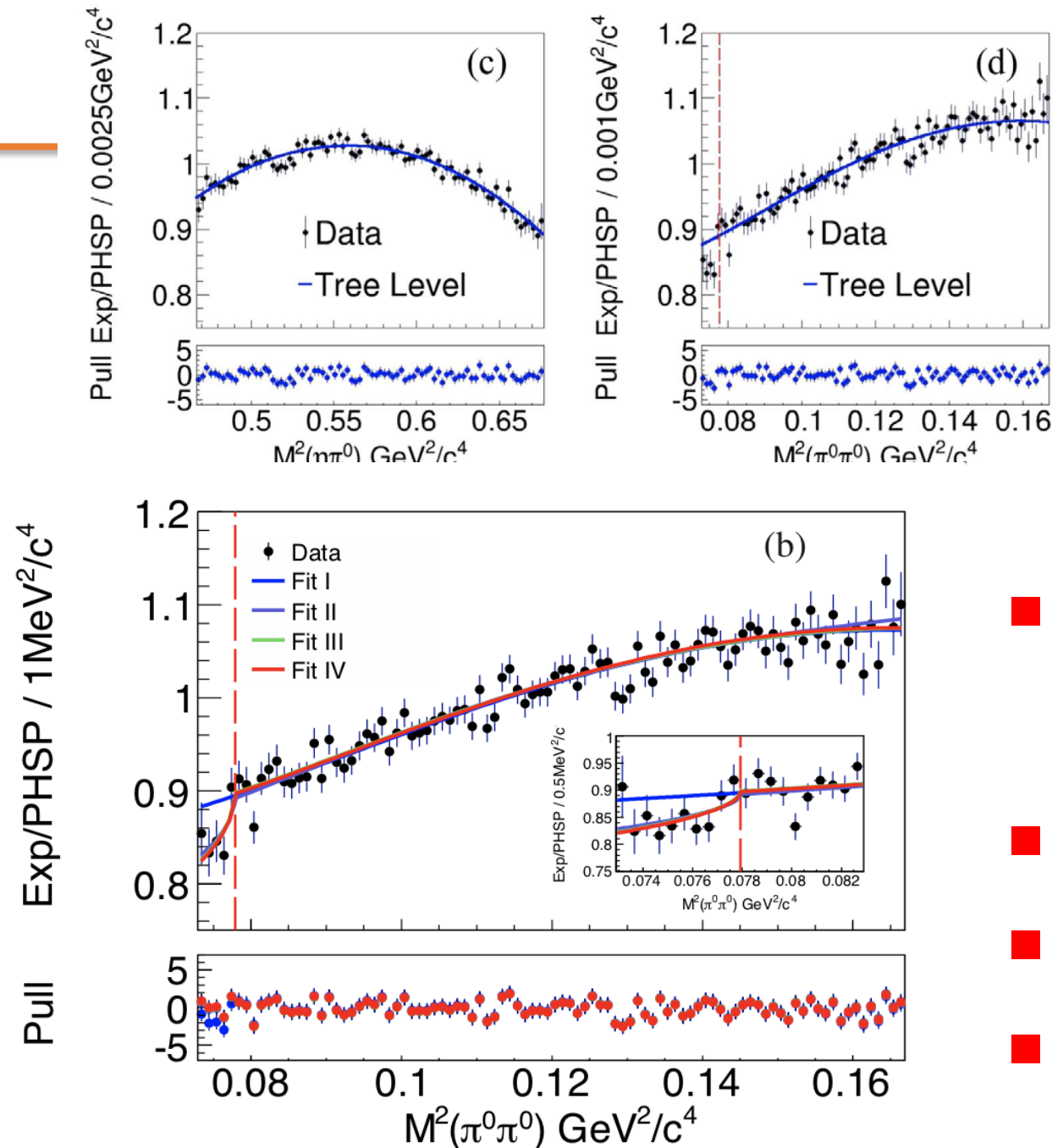


B. Kubis and S. P. Schneider, EPJC 62, 511 (2009)
S. Gonzalez-Solls, E. Passemar EPJC78, 758 (2018)



PRL130,081901(2023) 10 B J/ψ

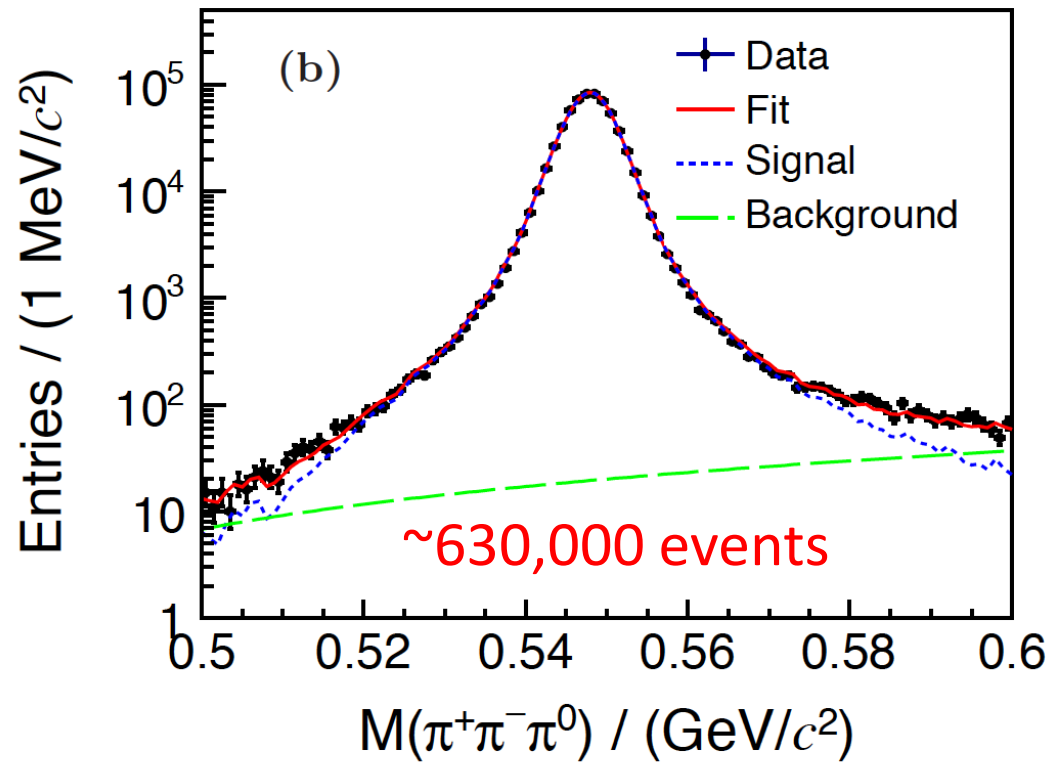
Dalitz analysis results with tree level contribution are consistent with previous BESIII result with only 1.3 B J/ψ



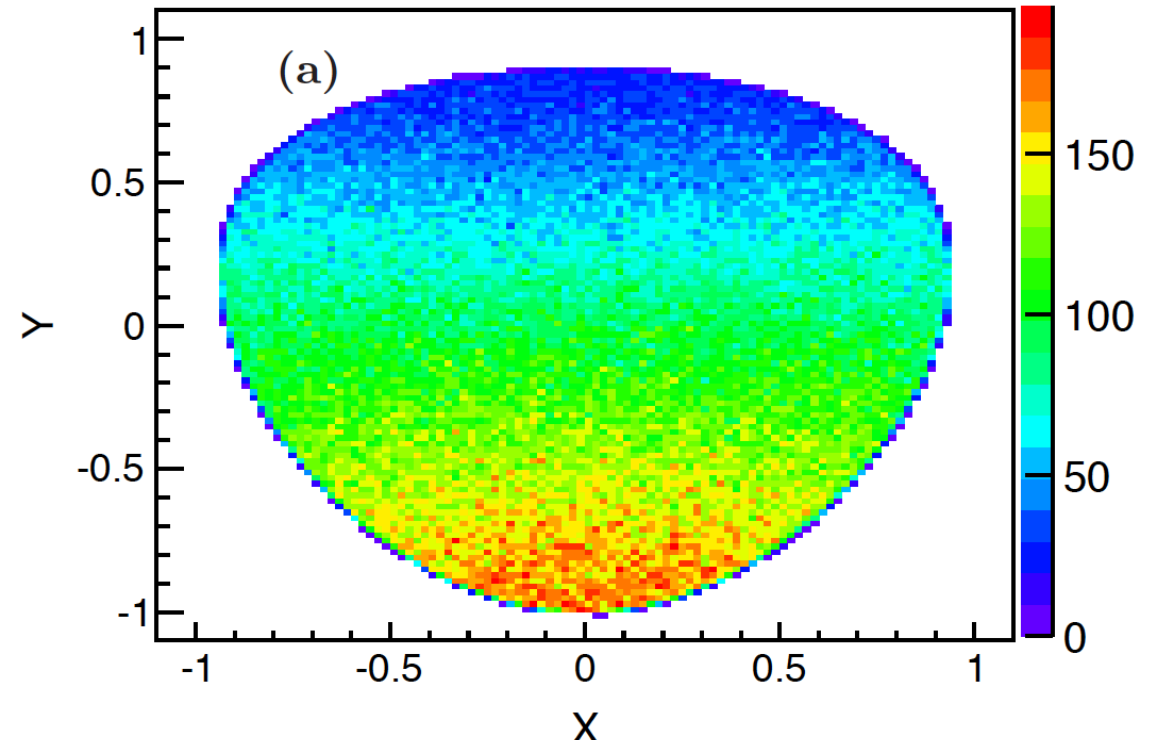
- **Non-relativistic effective field theory** B. Kubis and S. P. Schneider, EPJC 62, 511 (2009)
- **Fits at different cases**
- **Evidence of the cusp effect @ 3.5σ**
- **$\eta\pi$ interaction not included!**

Updated results on $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0, \eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$

$\eta \rightarrow 3\pi$ violates isospin symmetry and is related to the difference of light-quark masses. Therefore, $\eta \rightarrow 3\pi$ offers a unique way to determine the quark mass.



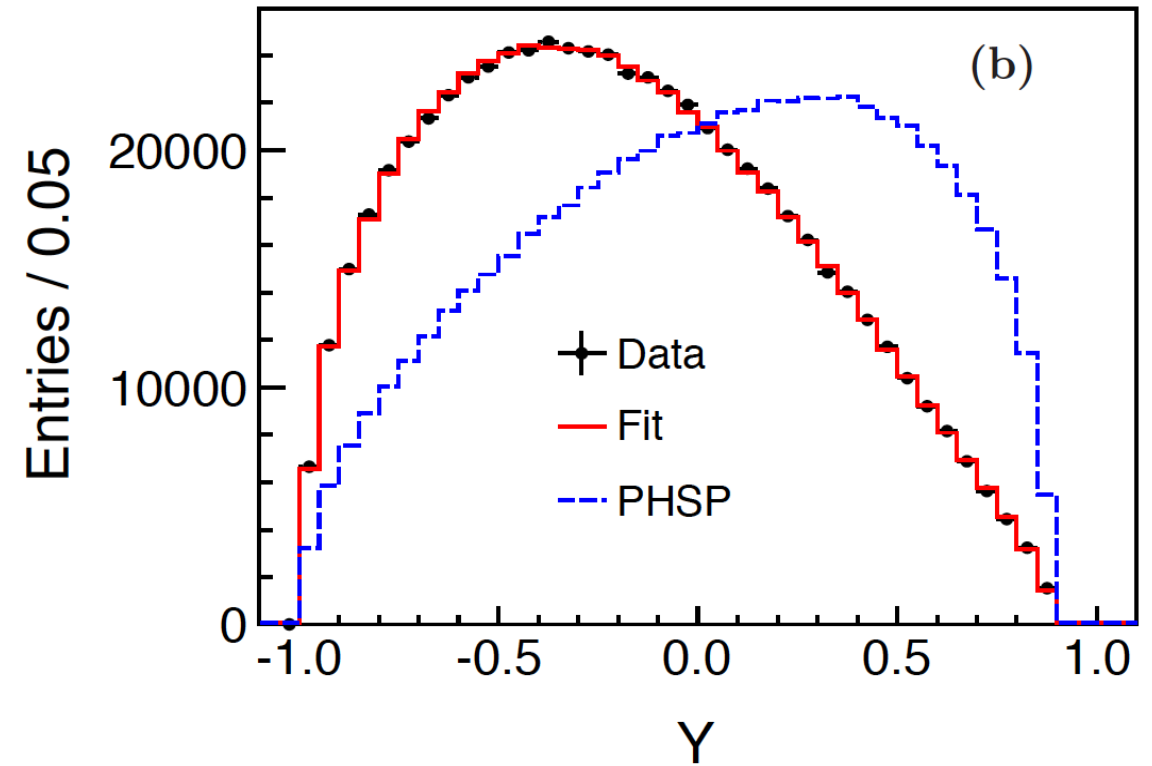
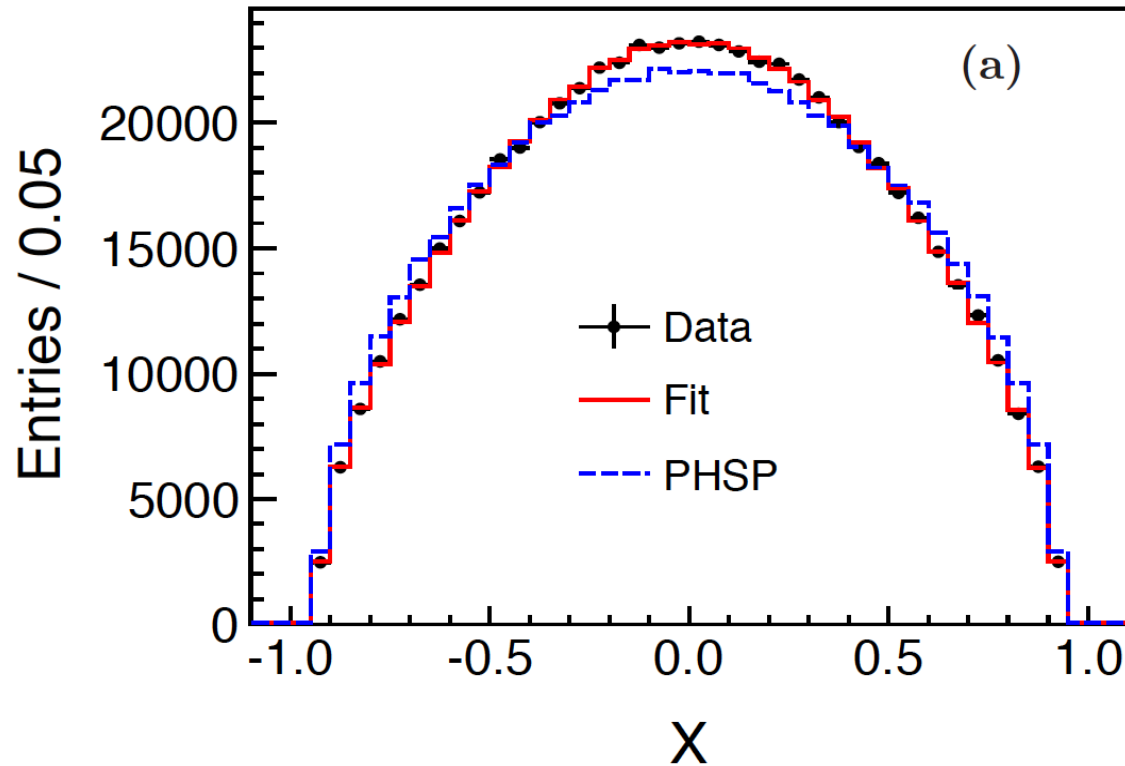
PRD107,092007(2023)



$$X = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{Q_\eta} (T_{\pi^+} - T_{\pi^-}), \quad Y = \frac{3T_{\pi^0}}{Q_\eta} - 1$$

$$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$$

$$|A(X, Y)|^2 \propto 1 + aY + bY^2 + cX + dX^2 + eXY + fY^3 + gX^2Y + \dots$$

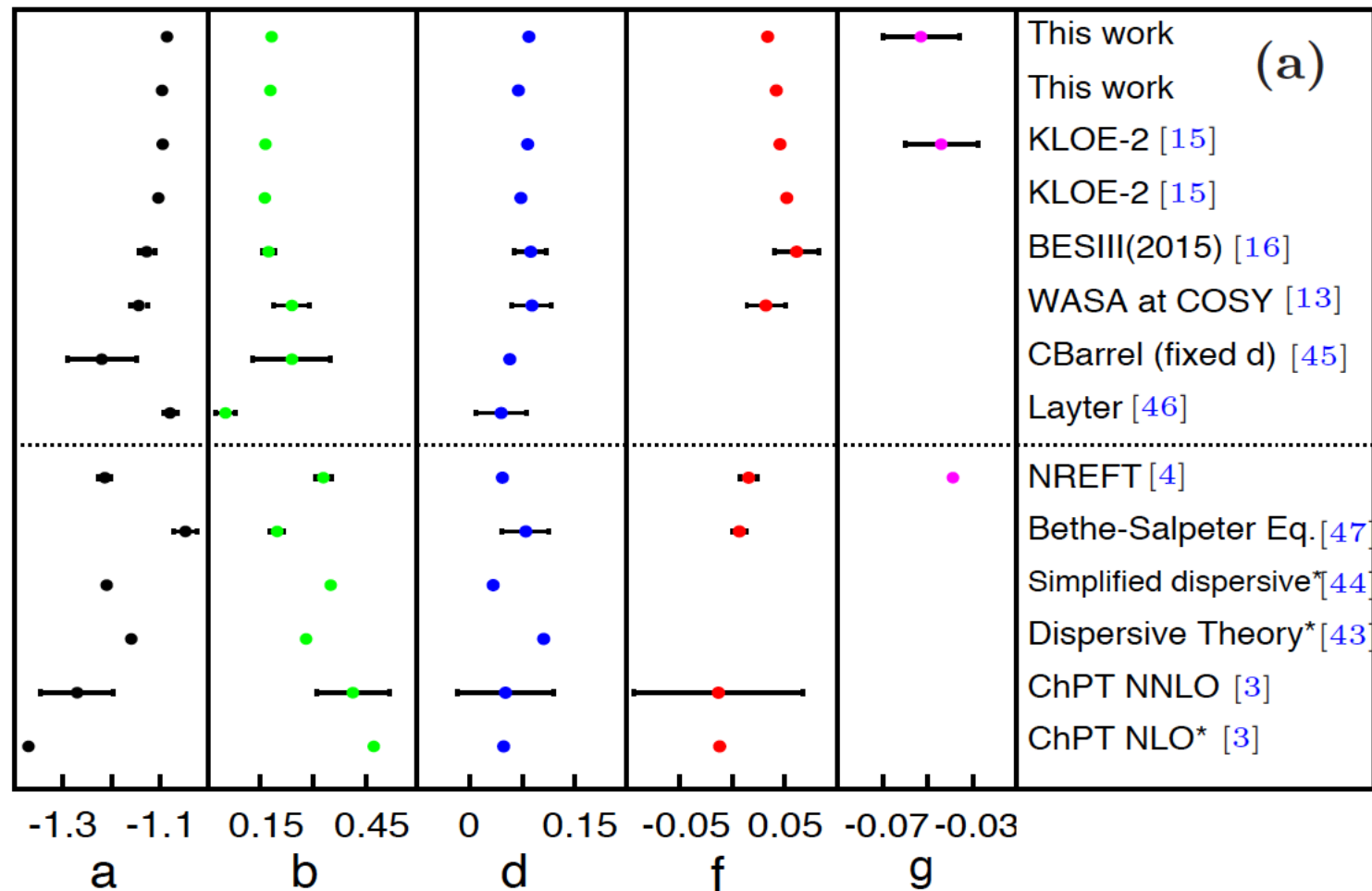


a, b, c, d, e, f, g are the Dalitz plot matrix elements

Comparison to experimental and theoretical results

$$\begin{aligned} a &= -1.097 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.001 \\ b &= 0.158 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.003 \\ d &= 0.070 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.001 \\ f &= 0.134 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.003 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a &= -1.086 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.001 \\ b &= 0.162 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.003 \\ d &= 0.083 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.001 \\ f &= 0.118 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.003 \\ g &= -0.053 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.003 \end{aligned}$$

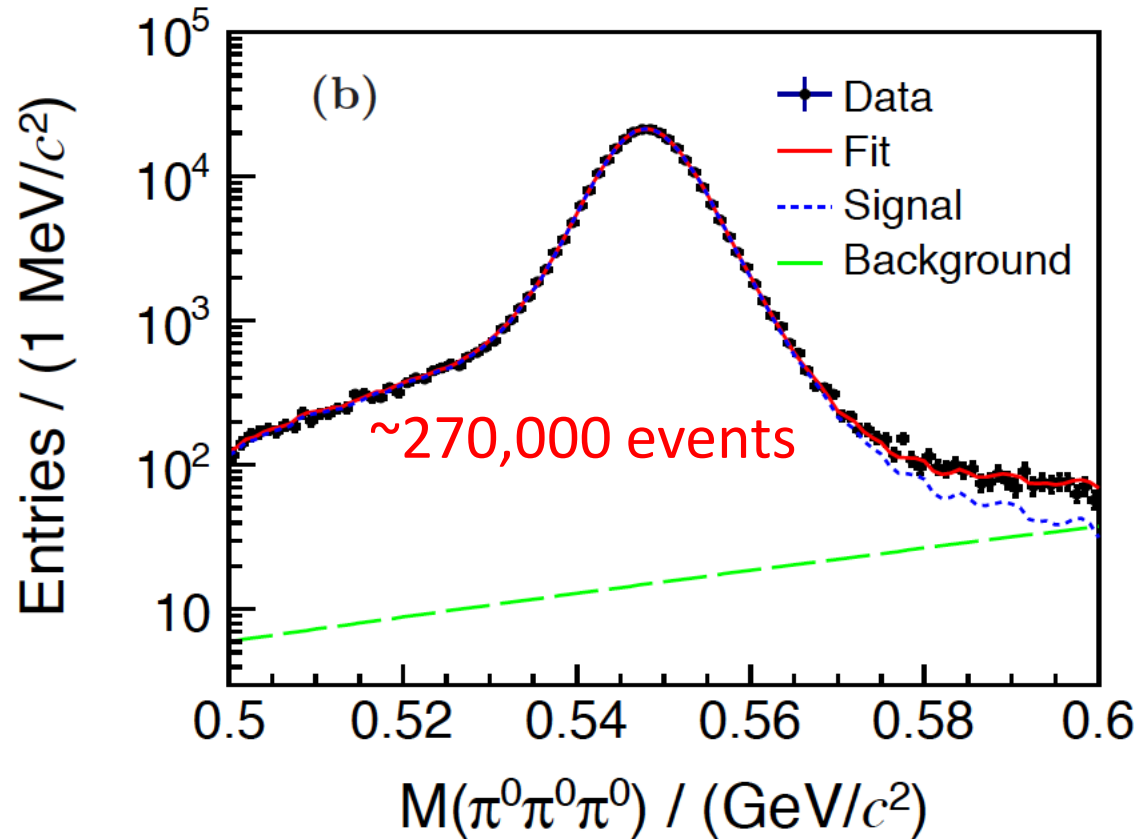


Dalitz matrix elements are extracted under different assumptions. Our results are consistent with KLOE-2 results. And can be compared directly with different models.

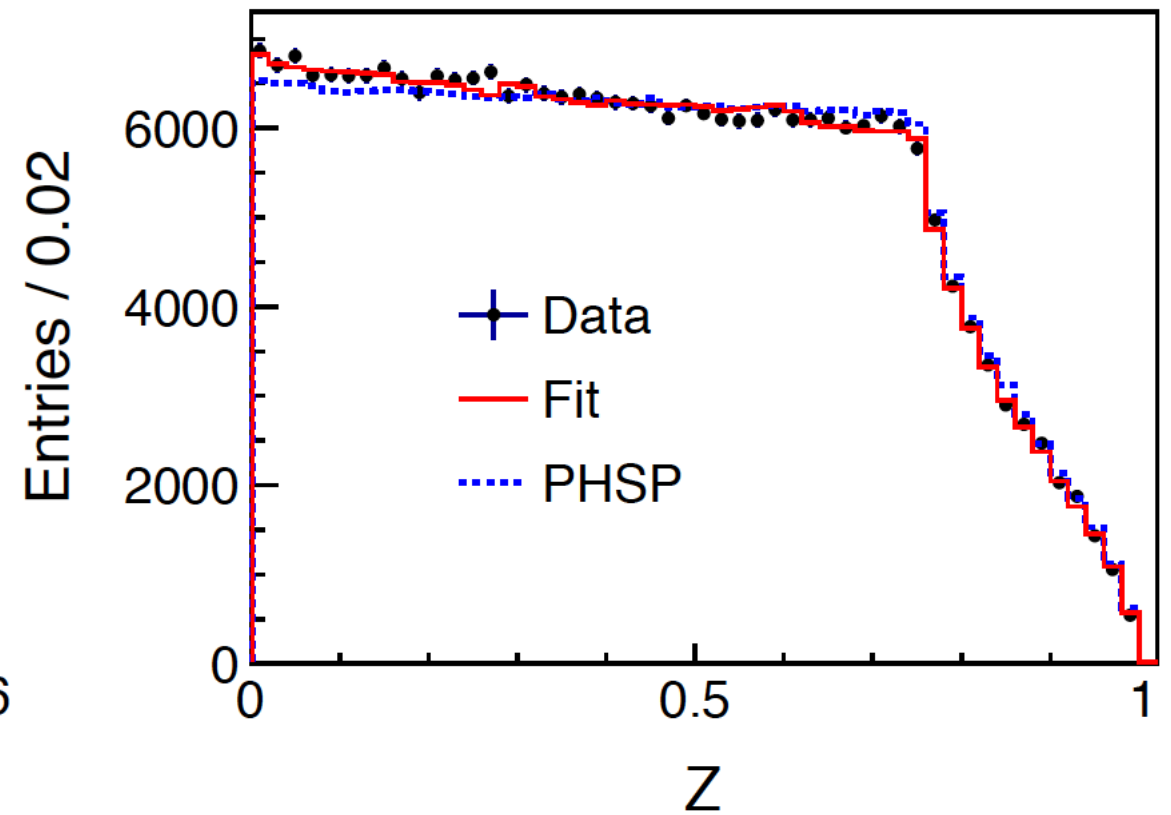
$$\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0$$

$$Z = X^2 + Y^2 = \frac{2}{3} \sum_{i=1}^3 \left(\frac{3T_i}{Q_\eta} - 1 \right)^2,$$

$$|A(X, Y)|^2 \propto 1 + 2\alpha Z$$

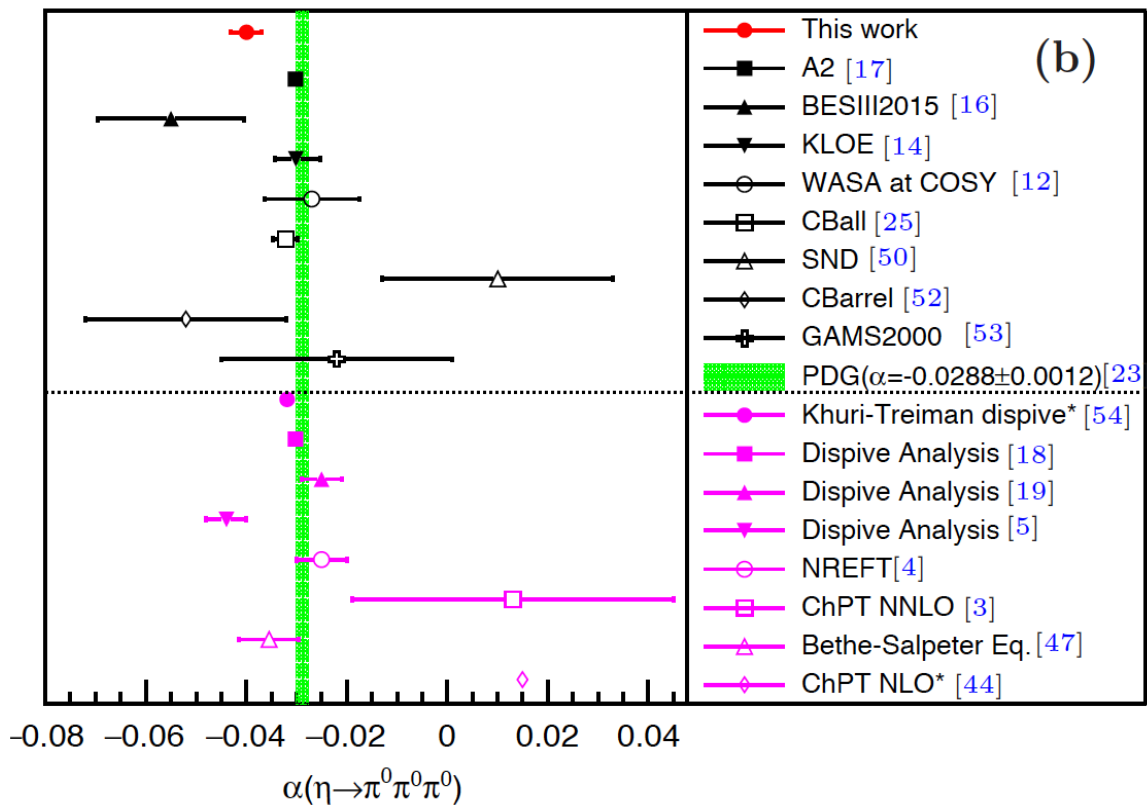


PRD107,092007(2023)

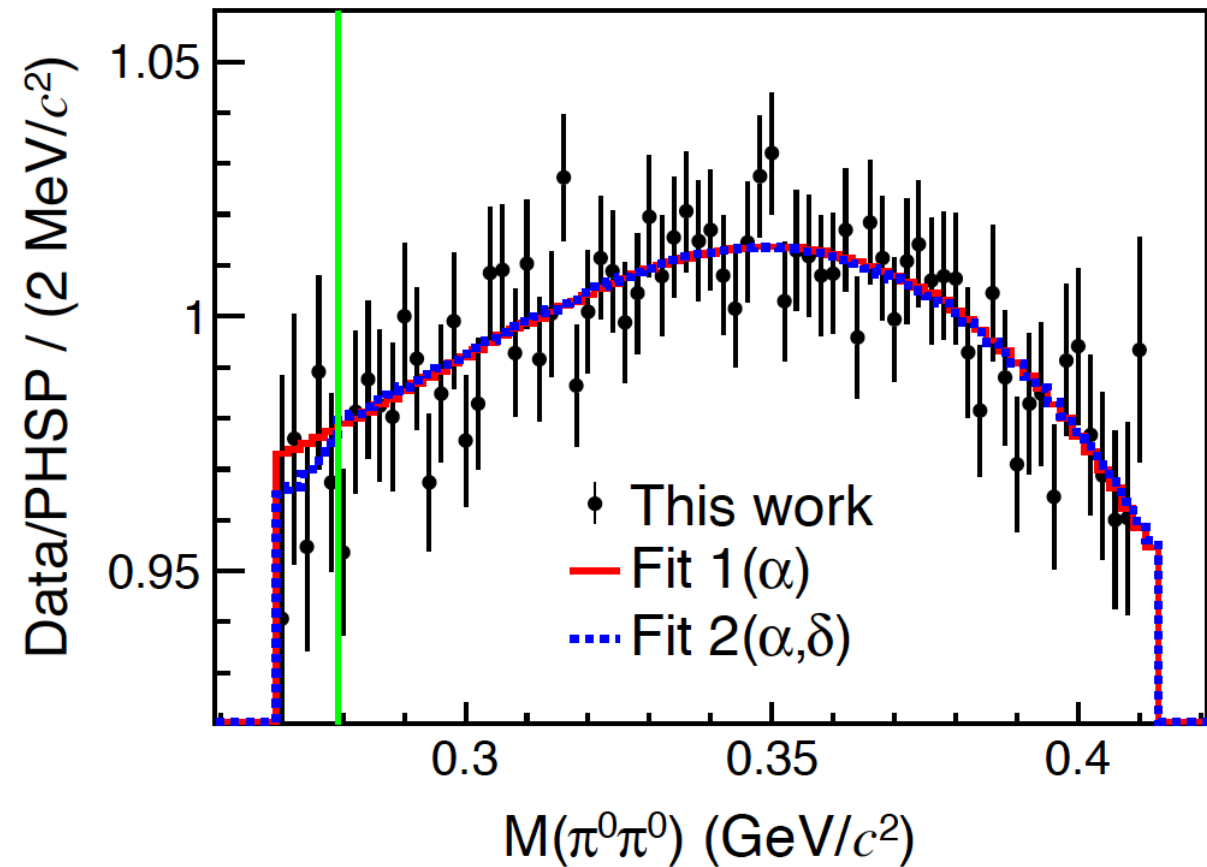


$$\alpha = -0.0406 \pm 0.0035 \pm 0.0008$$

$$\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0$$



Deviations from A2: 2.8σ



No evident cusp effect

Summary

- Recent results on Light Meson decays are presented
 - η/η' : hadronic, radiative and rare decays
- BESIII: 10 billion J/ψ events
 - a unique place for light mesons
 - Allow to study light meson decays with high precision
- More results are expected to come soon
 - Dalitz plots of η/η' decays
 - Rare and forbidden decays
 - Form Factors
 -

A scenic view of a Gothic cathedral, likely the Wawel Cathedral in Kraków, Poland. The cathedral features a prominent red brick tower with a green spire. In the foreground, there are pink cherry blossoms and a green lawn. The text "Thank you for your attention!" is overlaid in yellow.

Thank you for your attention!