SoLID HGC Optimization Update

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HGC optical system optimization

Elements

- Spherical mirror: determined by <u>z1</u>, <u>z2</u> and <u>radius r</u>
- PMT: determined by <u>tilt angle</u> and <u>distance d from</u> <u>PMT center to z2</u>
- Reflective/shielding cone: <u>shape</u>, <u>length</u>, <u>opening</u>Approach
- z1=420cm is determined by boundary
- Try the radius r and variable z2 to set the mirror
- Then adjust the position of PMT and parameters of cones to collect photons effectively
- Very small region found when given r and z2 because we hope to collect all the photons
- Approximate feasible region of r and z2:
 - z2=390cm r=210 to 250cm
 z2=380cm r=240 to 280cm
 z2=370cm r=280 to 300cm
 outside which we can't find a position for PMT to

collect all the light

Jefferson Lab

- Make light emitted by 7 degrees pions directly reflected to the center of PMT
- Large z2 and smaller r will give more gas length and more photons







Mirror

1. Cover more on small and large angles

Change: cut by 7 and 15 degrees --> cut by 6.8 and 16 degrees

2. Adjust the position and radius to lengthen path distance for small angles

Change: Make r smaller and z2 greater, currently r=210cm, z2=390cm







Reflective cone and shielding

- 1. No shielding behind PMT
 Change: leave enough room behind
 2. Light loss at the gap between PMT and
- Light loss at the gap between PMT and cone
 Change: Use smaller-end cone or pyramid-like cone
 We used the latter one when testing
 TBD by the test on the shielding effect













1st sector at phi=0 deg

Mirror: radius r=210cm, z2=390cm center: x=199.23cm, y=0cm, z=210.12cm PMT: distance d=135cm, tilt angle=39 degrees center: x=215.48cm, y=0cm, z=343.74cm width: 21.3cm four corners: x=223.76cm y=±10.65cm z=350.44cm x=207.20cm y=±10.65cm z=337.04cm Cone: length=16.18cm, end 32cm*44.82cm x=222.71cm y=±16.00cm z=370.41cm x=187.88cm y=±16.00cm z=342.22cm

